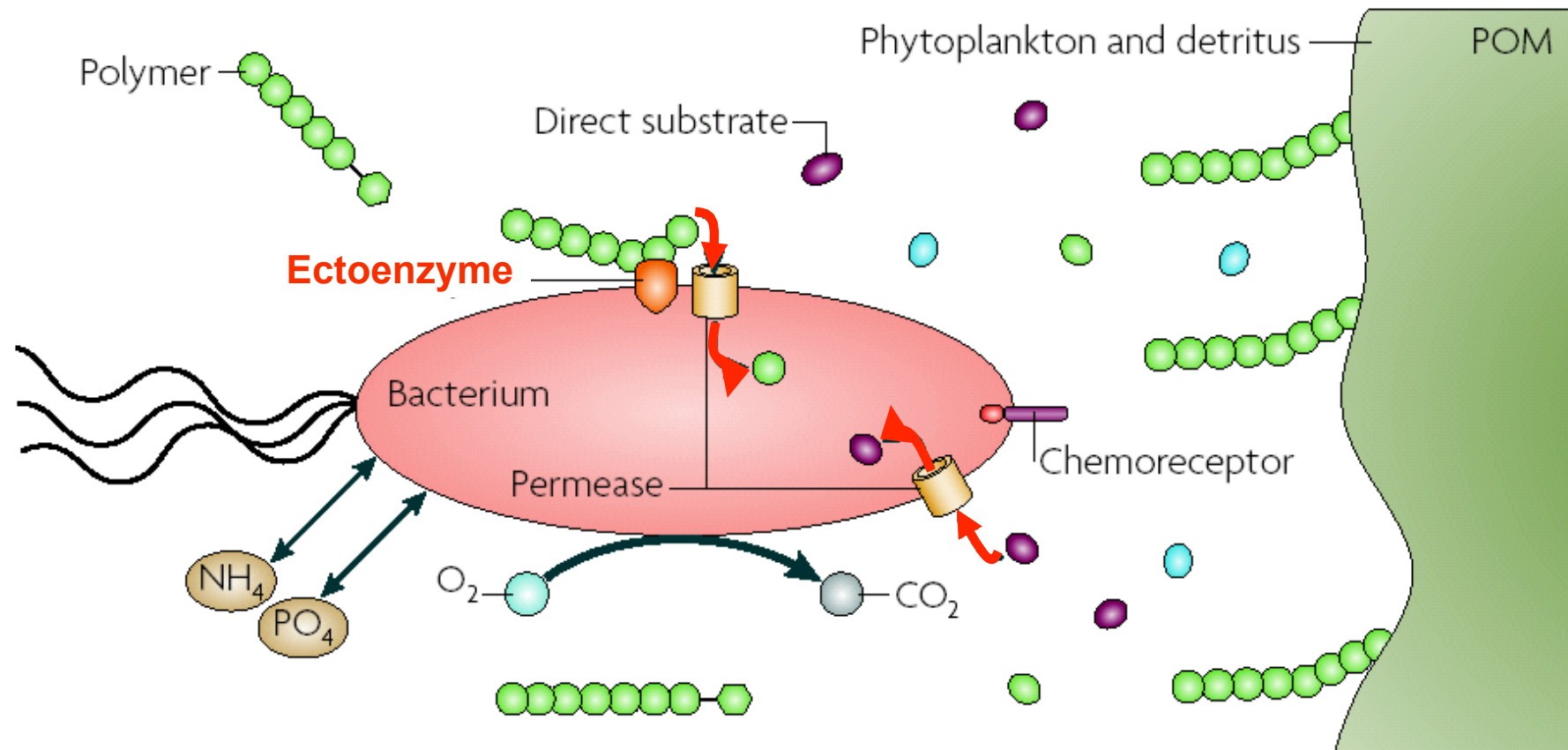


Effects of rising seawater $p\text{CO}_2$ on the bacterial turnover of organic matter in temperate marine systems

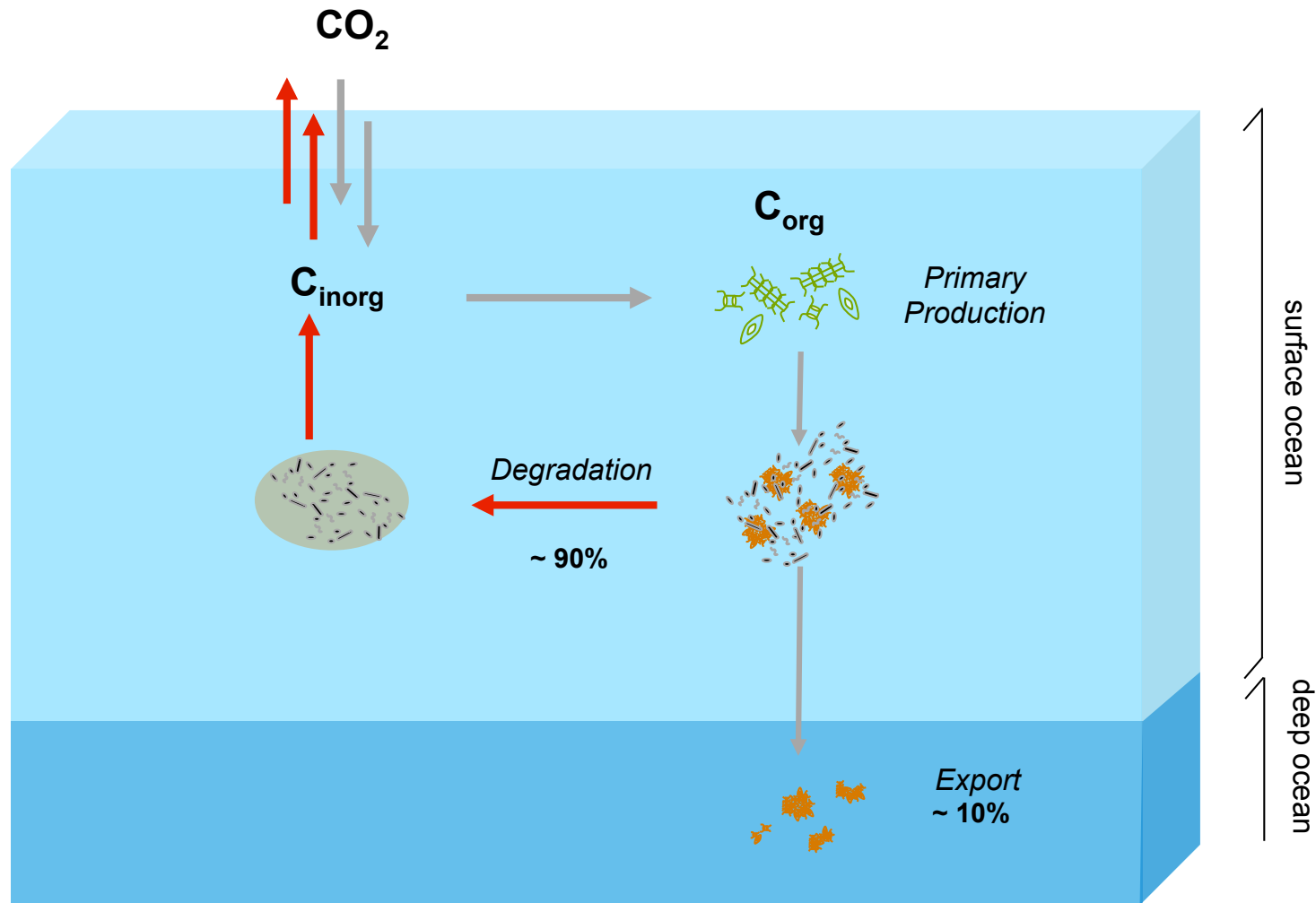
Judith Piontek, Nicole Händel, Martin Sperling, Ulf Riebesell, Anja Engel



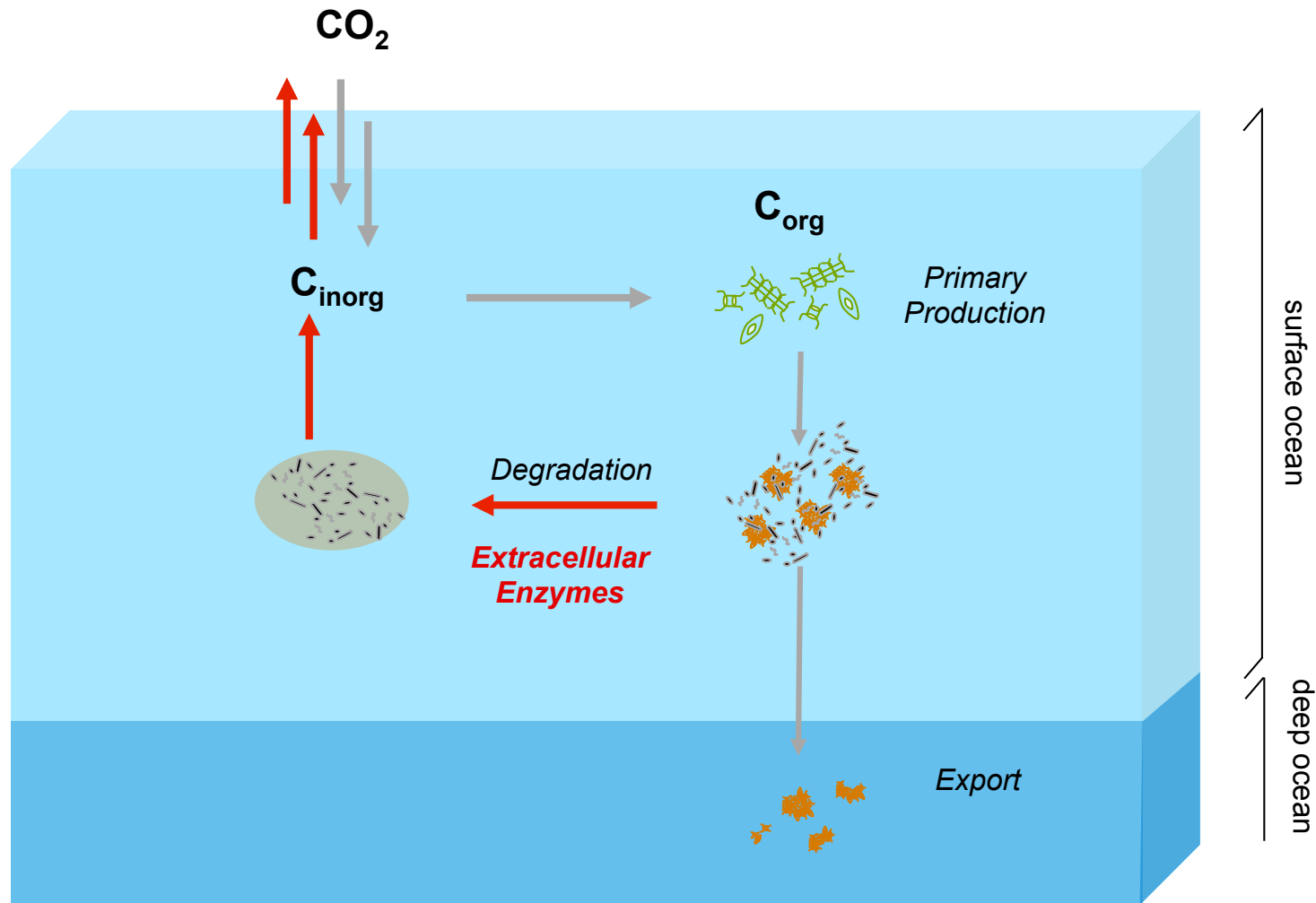
The function of extracellular enzymes in organic matter turnover



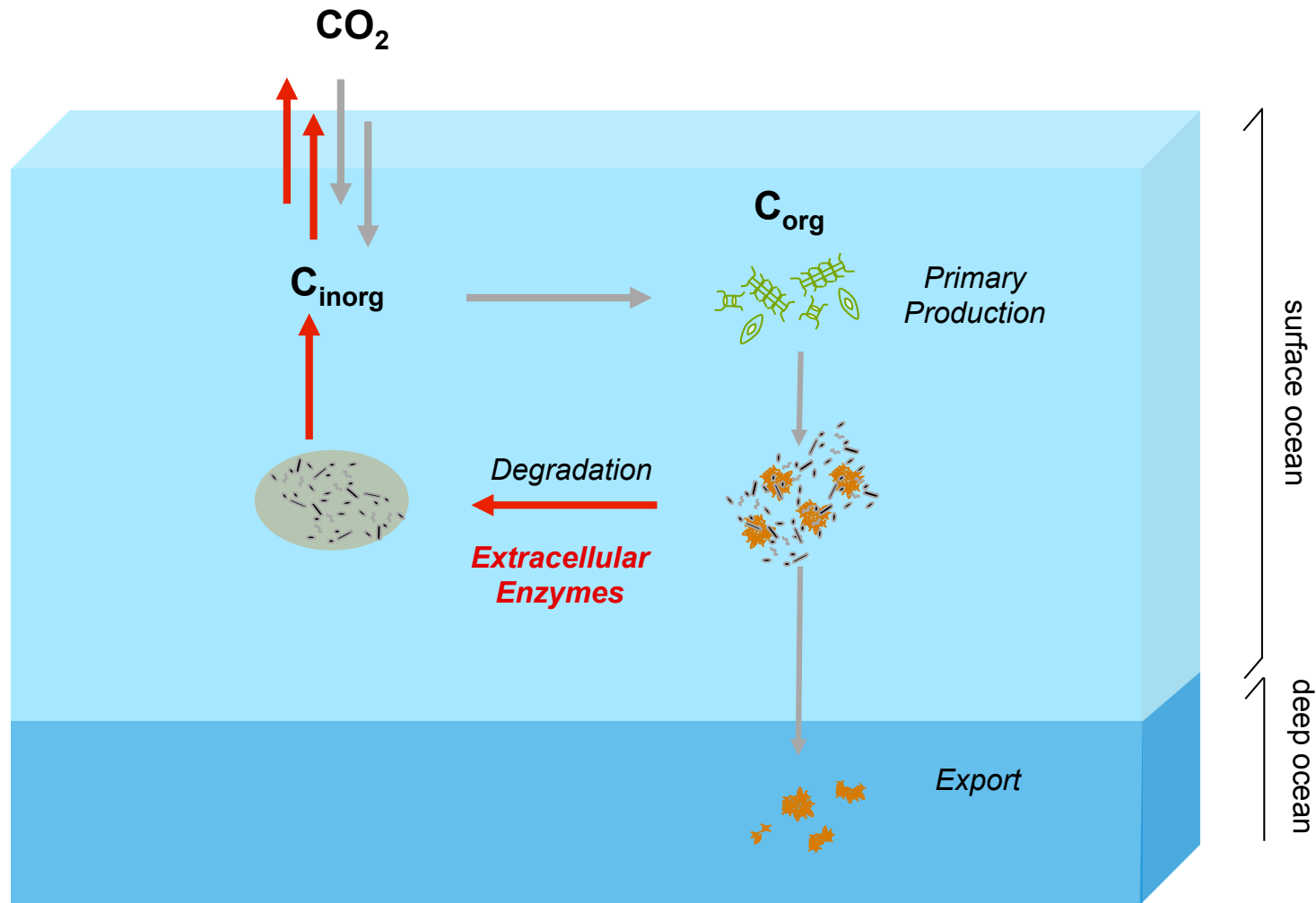
The function of extracellular enzymes in organic matter turnover



The function of extracellular enzymes in organic matter turnover

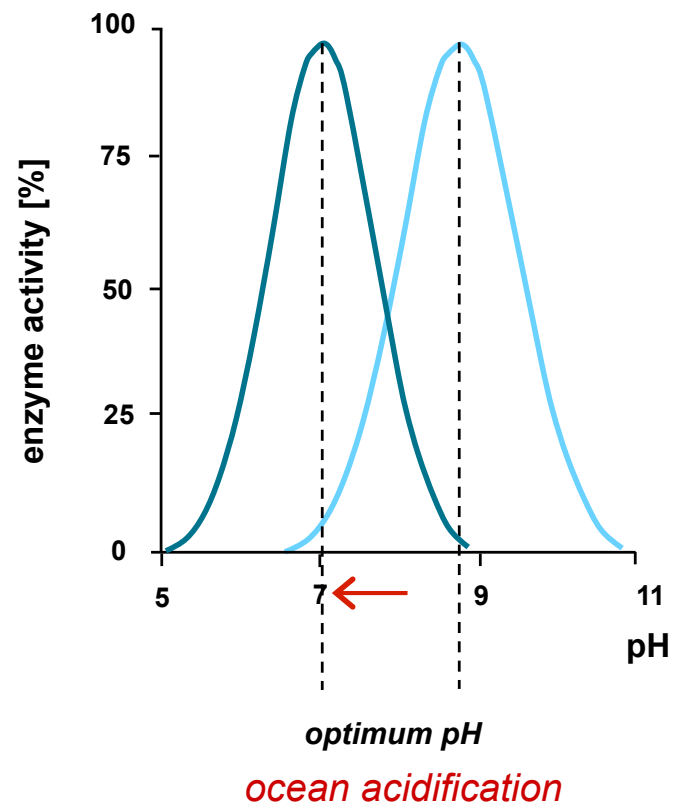


The function of extracellular enzymes in organic matter turnover



How does the activity of bacterial extracellular enzymes respond to Ocean Acidification?

How does the activity of bacterial extracellular enzymes respond to Ocean Acidification?



Is there a direct biochemical effect of ocean acidification on rates of extracellular enzymes?

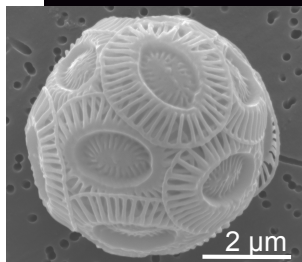
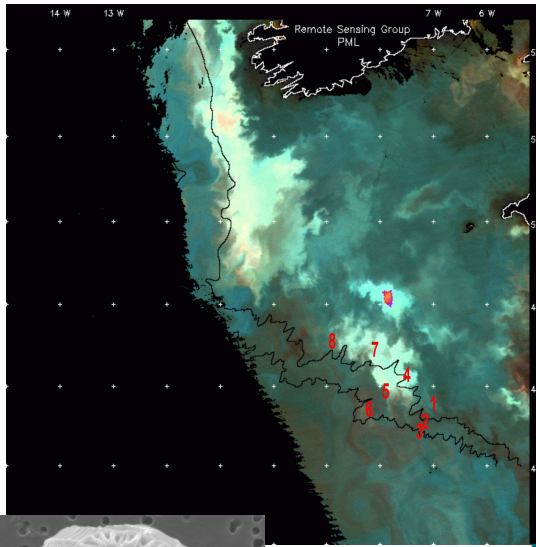
Can acidification impact bacterial organic matter degradation in the ocean?

→ Experimental results on glucosidase and leucine-aminopeptidase activity

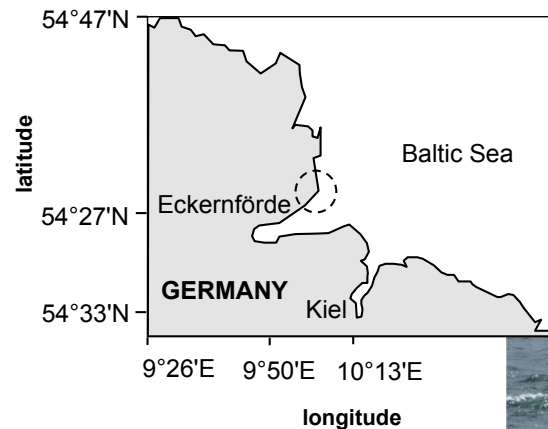
Method: fluorescent substrate analogues, Hoppe (1983)

CO₂ Perturbation Studies

Gulf of Biscay, North Atlantic



Emiliania huxleyi



Baltic Sea

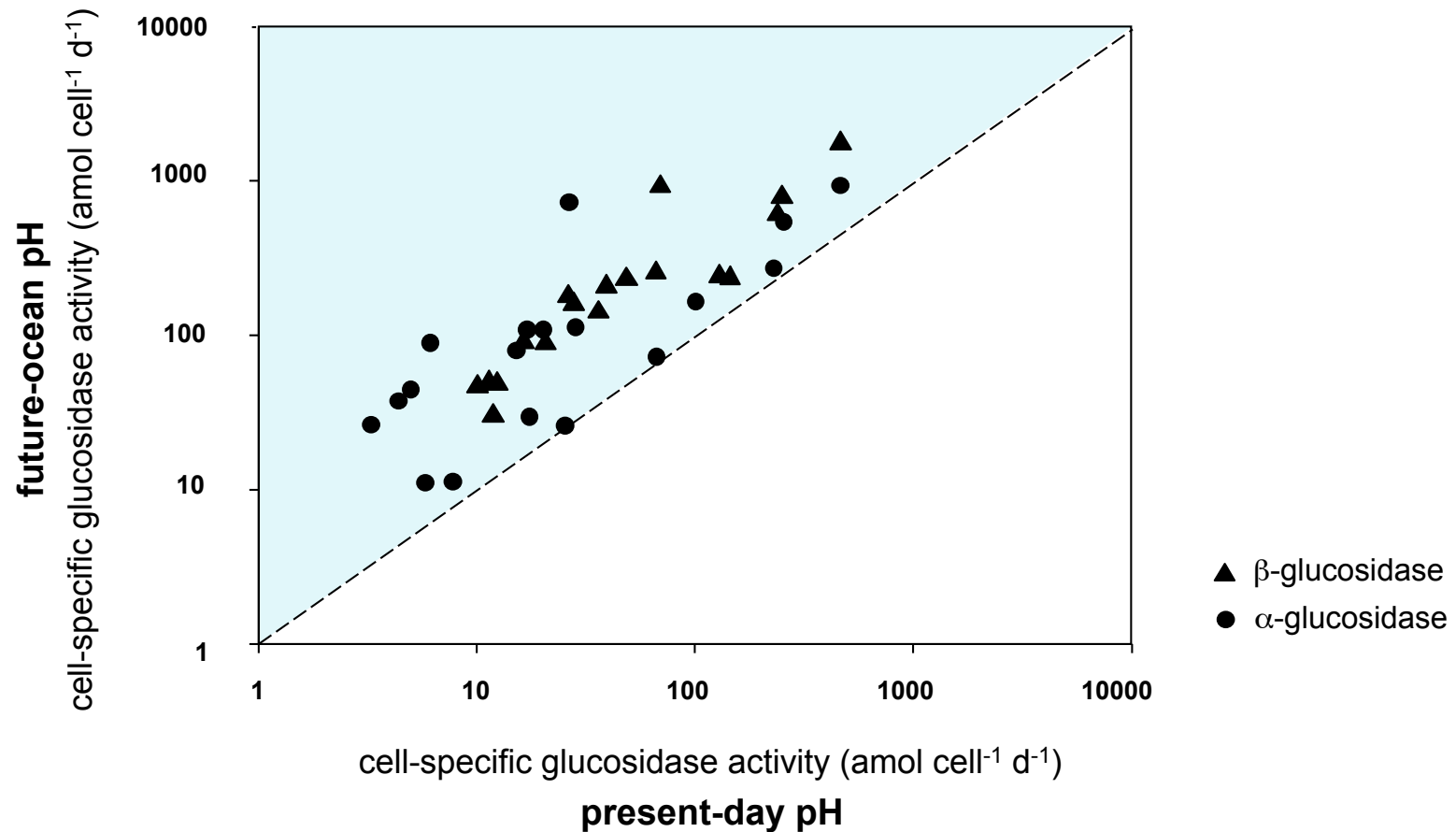
Degradation Experiments

incubation in the dark
at *in situ* pH and after acidification
(Δ pH 0.2 – 0.3 units)

Mesocosm Experiments

Bloom development, pH Gradient
(Δ pH 0.1 – 0.3 units)

Effect of lowered pH on extracellular GLUCOSIDASE

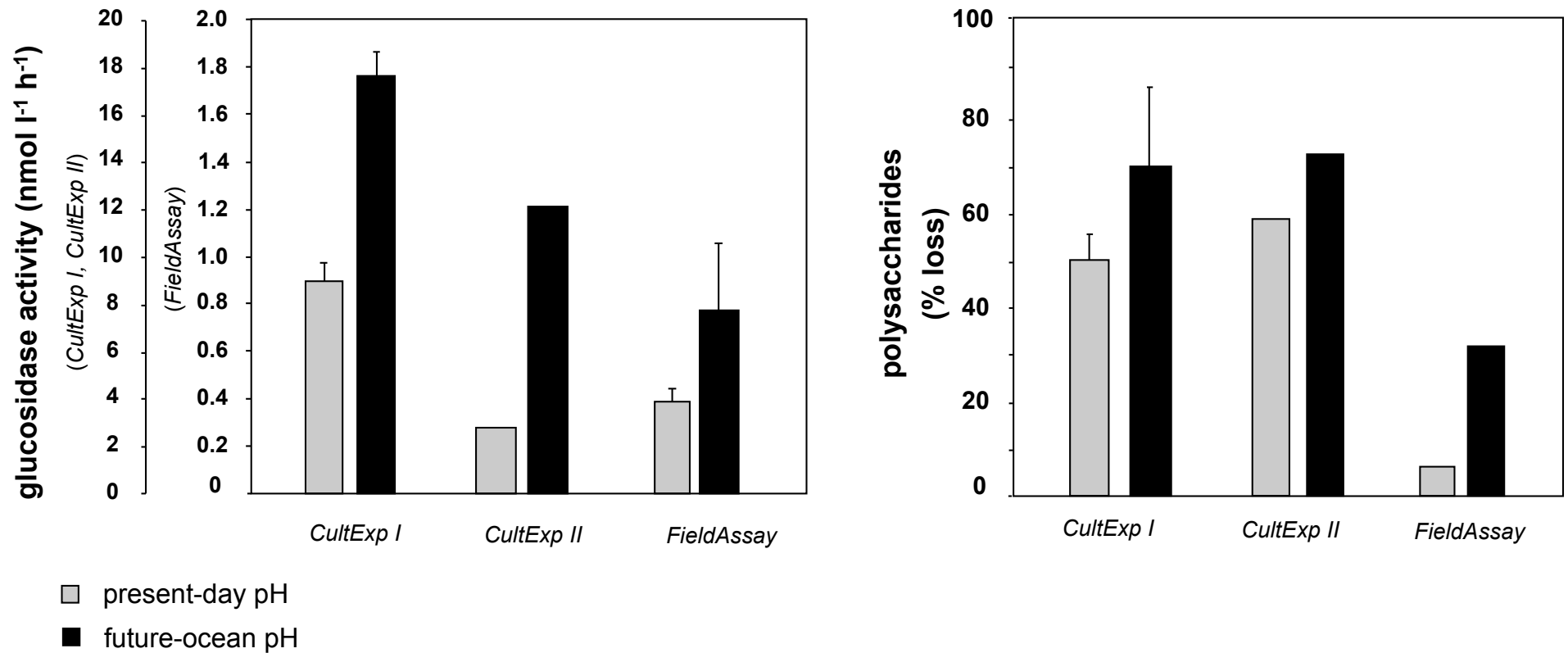


Piontek et al. (2010)

➔ cell-specific glucosidase rates at future-ocean pH exceed rates at present-day pH



Effect of lowered pH on extracellular GLUCOSIDASE

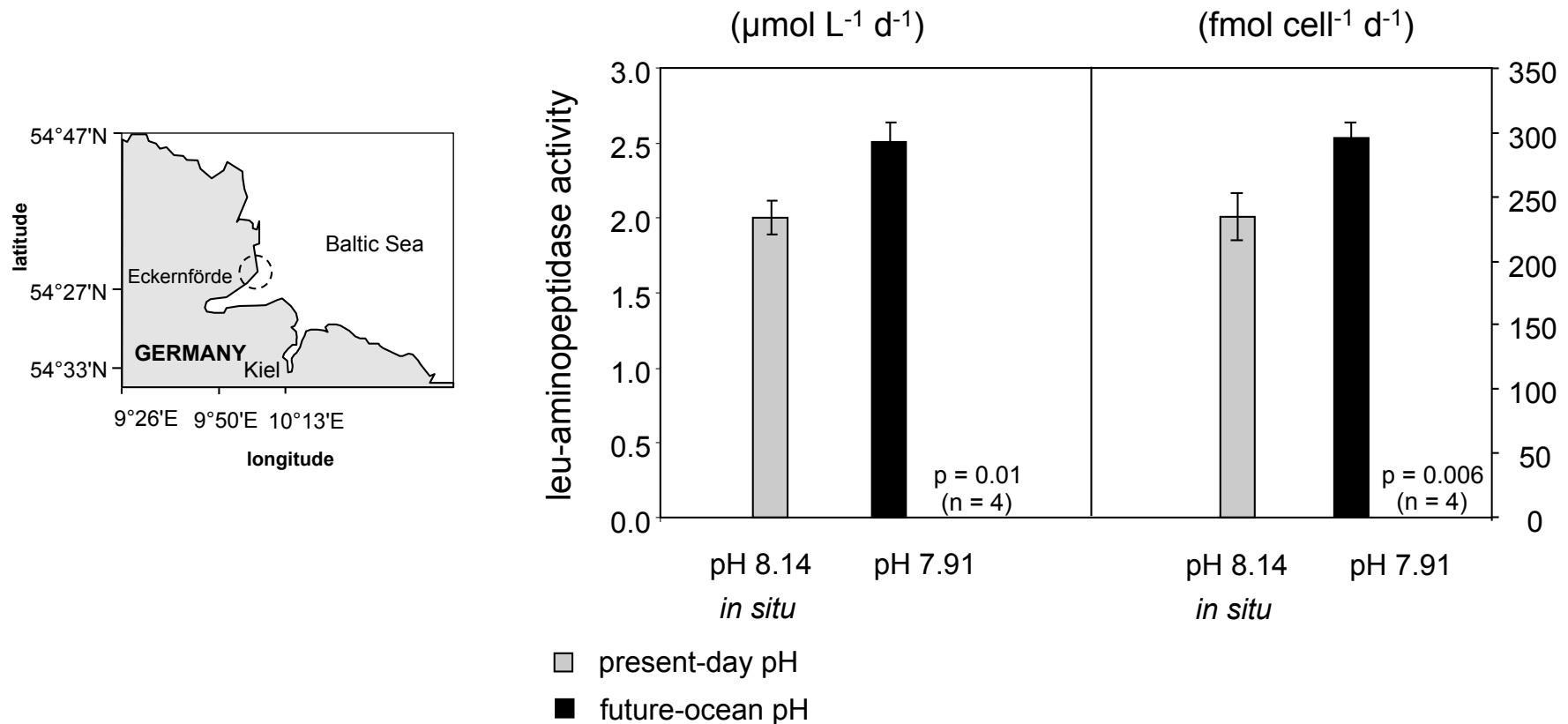


Piontek et al. (2010)

➔ higher glucosidase activity at future-ocean pH leads to a higher loss of polysaccharides

Effect of lowered pH on extracellular LEUCINE-AMINOPEPTIDASE

Baltic Sea (field sample)



➔ higher leu-aminopeptidase activity in response to moderate acidification

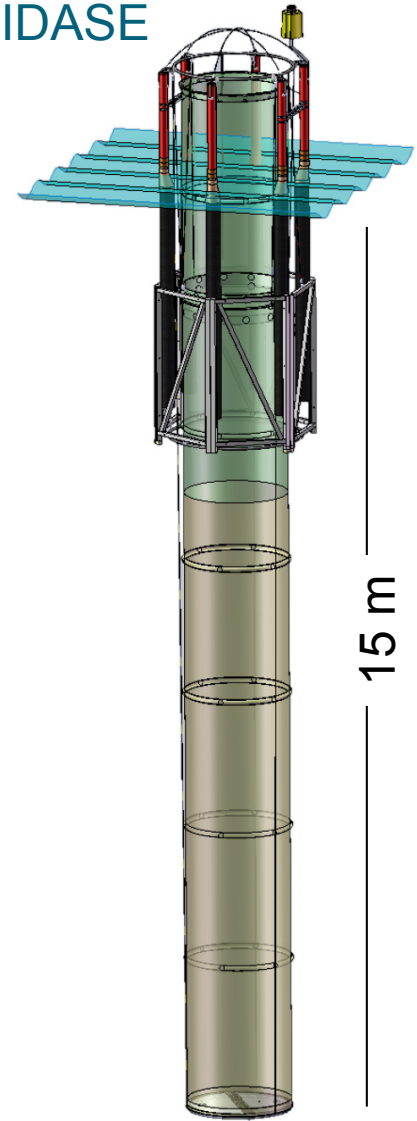
Effect of lowered pH on extracellular LEUCINE-AMINOPEPTIDASE

Eckernförde Bight, Baltic Sea

KOSMOS: Kiel Off-Shore Mesocosms for future Ocean Simulations

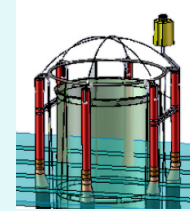
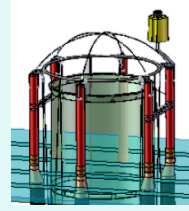
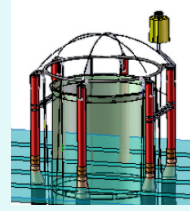
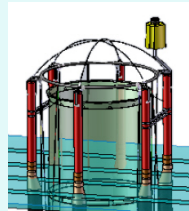
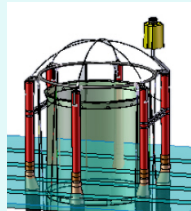


photos: U. Riebesell, M. Sperling, Greenpeace



Effect of lowered pH on extracellular LEUCINE-AMINOPEPTIDASE

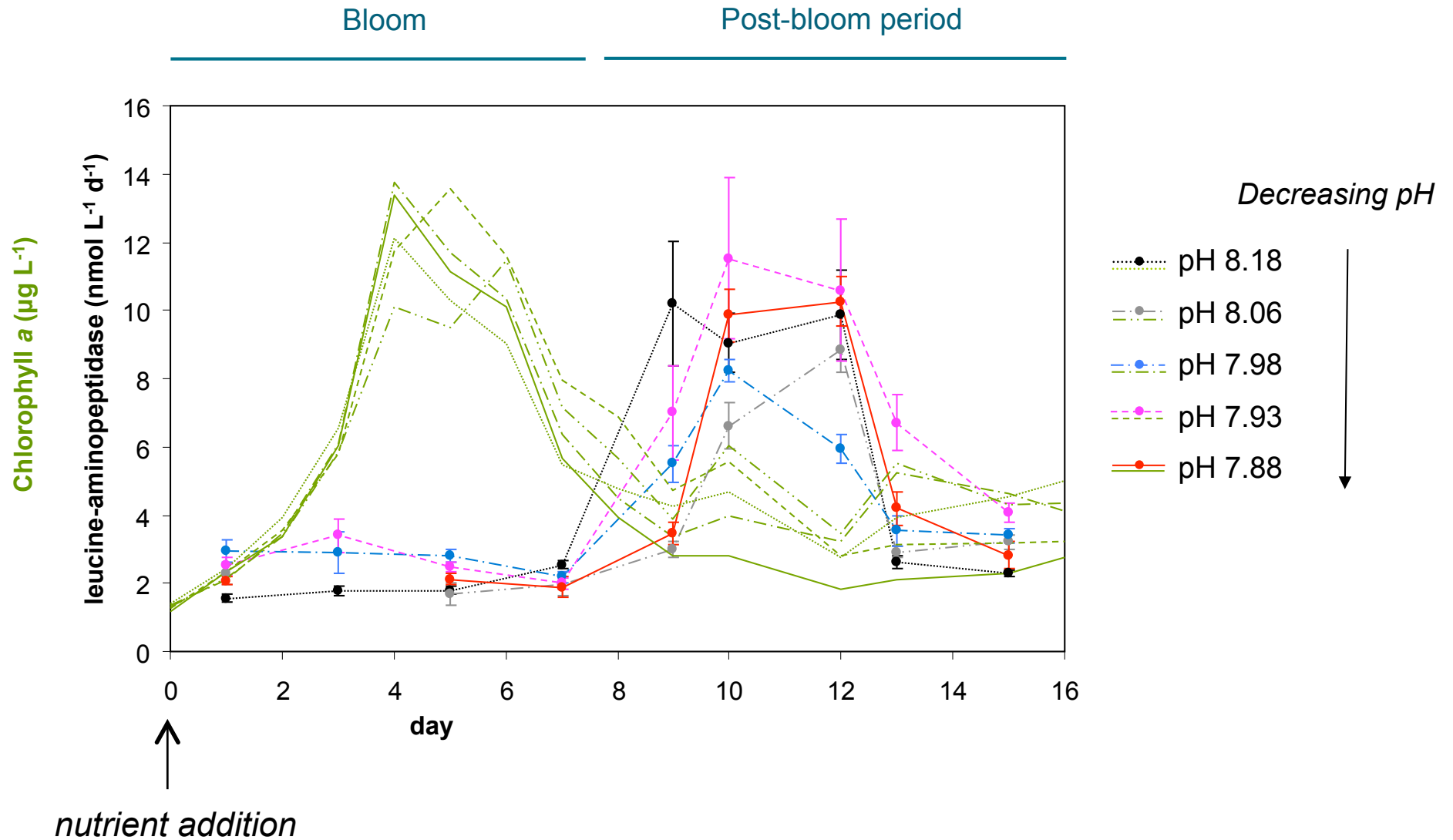
Mesocosms



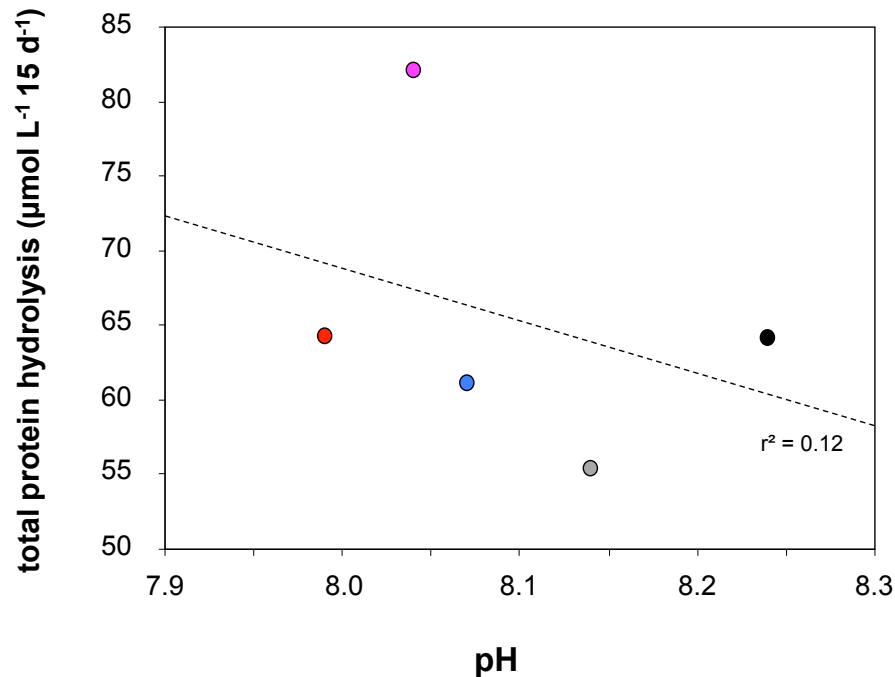
CO ₂ (μatm)	300	404	499	559	643
pH	8.18	8.06	7.98	7.93	7.88
(initial values)					

- Nutrient addition to induce a phytoplankton bloom (8 μM nitrate, 0.5 μM phosphate)
- Acidification by CO₂ (supersaturated seawater)
- Sampling over 16 days, integrated sampling over 10 m depth

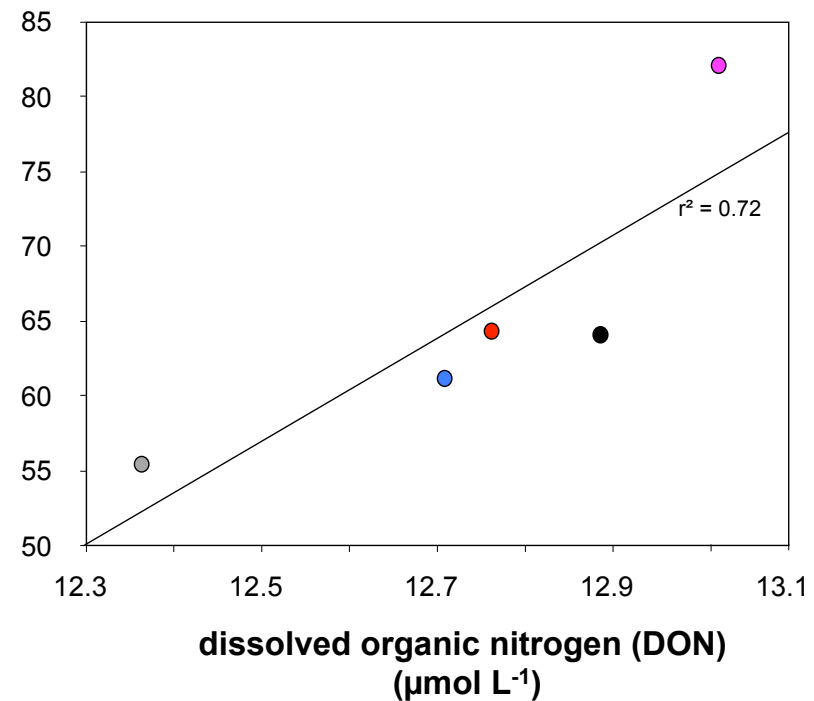
Effect of lowered pH on extracellular LEUCINE-AMINOPEPTIDASE



Effect of lowered pH on extracellular LEUCINE-AMINOPEPTIDASE



→ no significant correlation between integrated aminopeptidase activity and pH



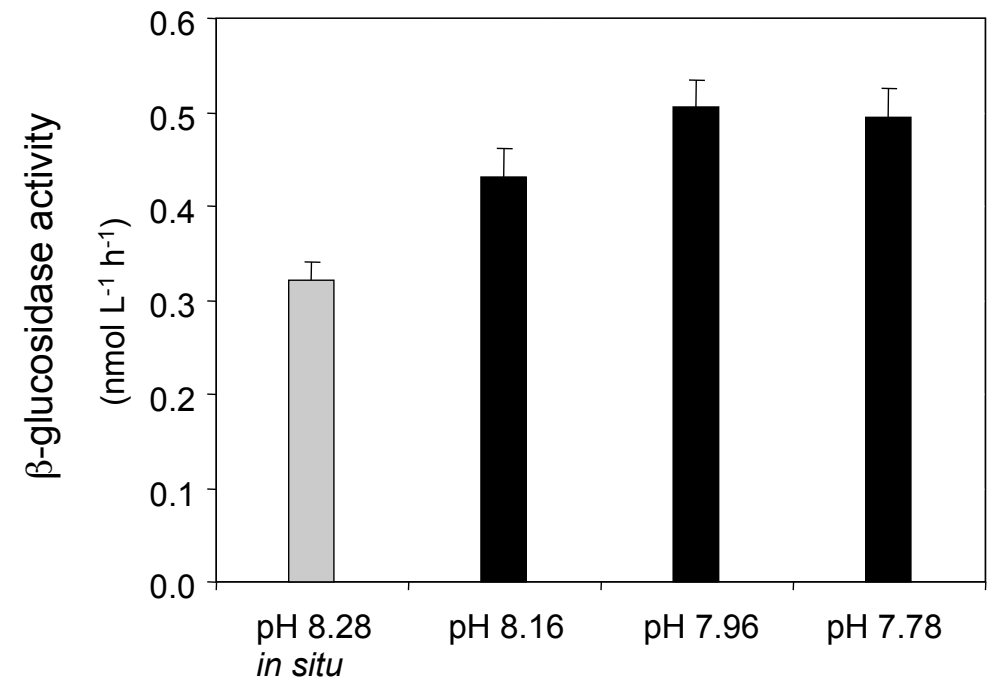
→ direct relationship between integrated aminopeptidase activity and the mean concentration of DON

EPOCA Mesocosm Study, Spitsbergen 2010

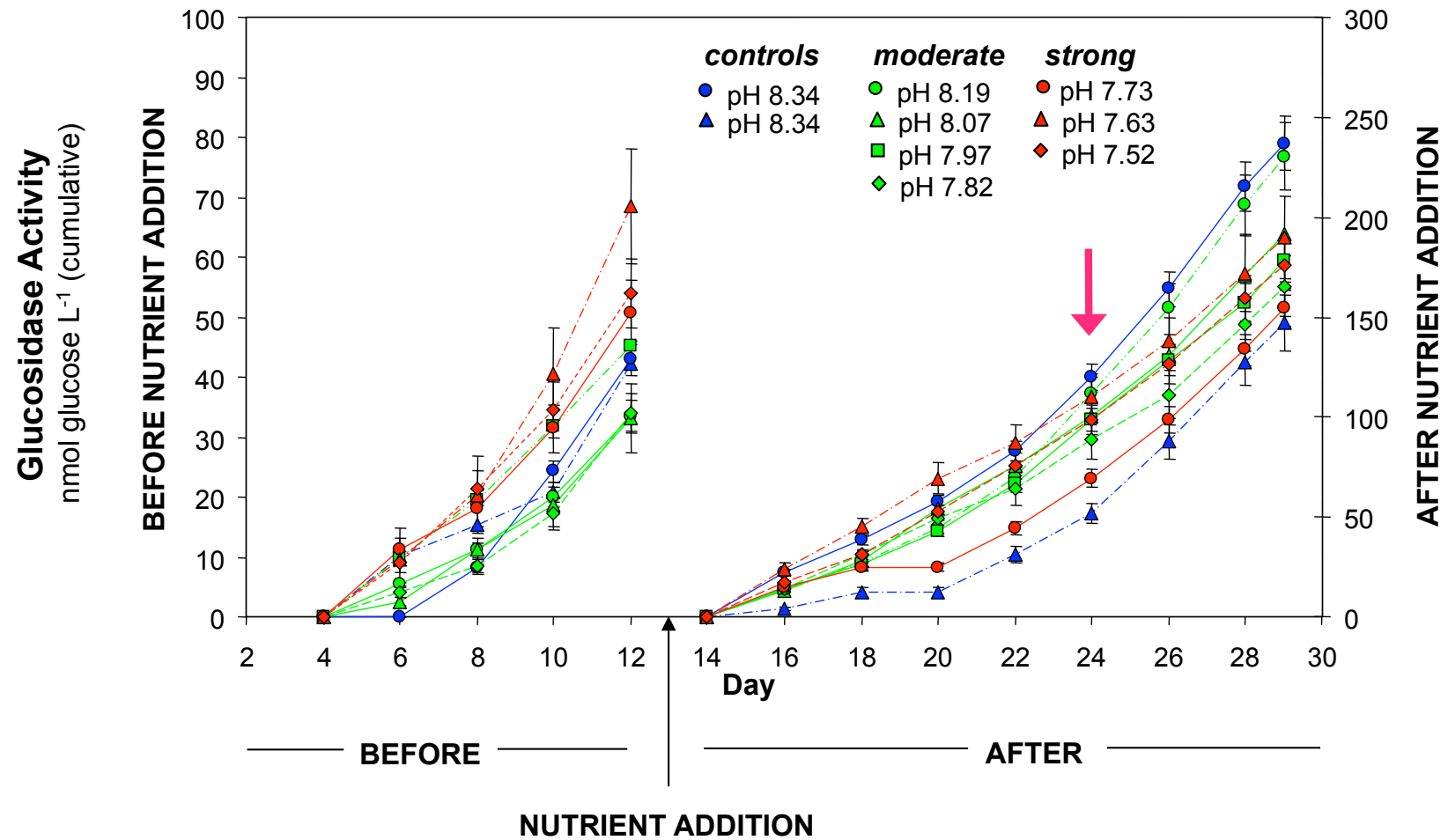
Kongsfjord (field sample)



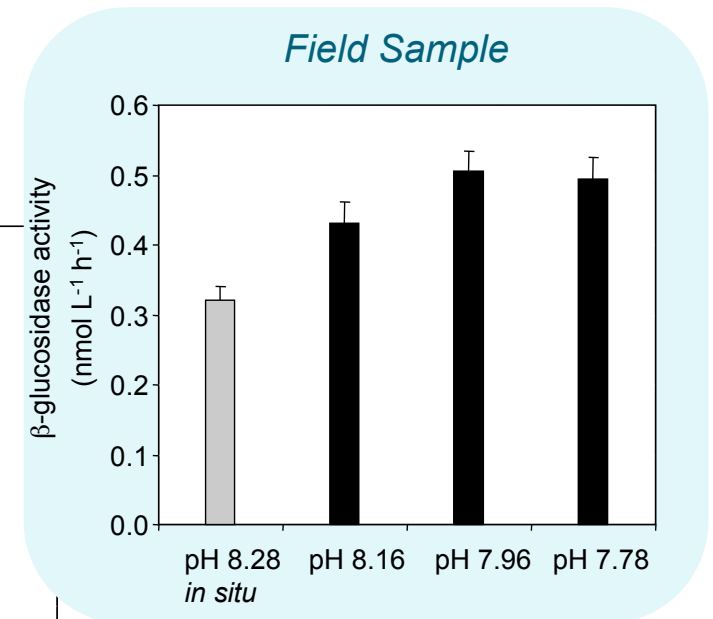
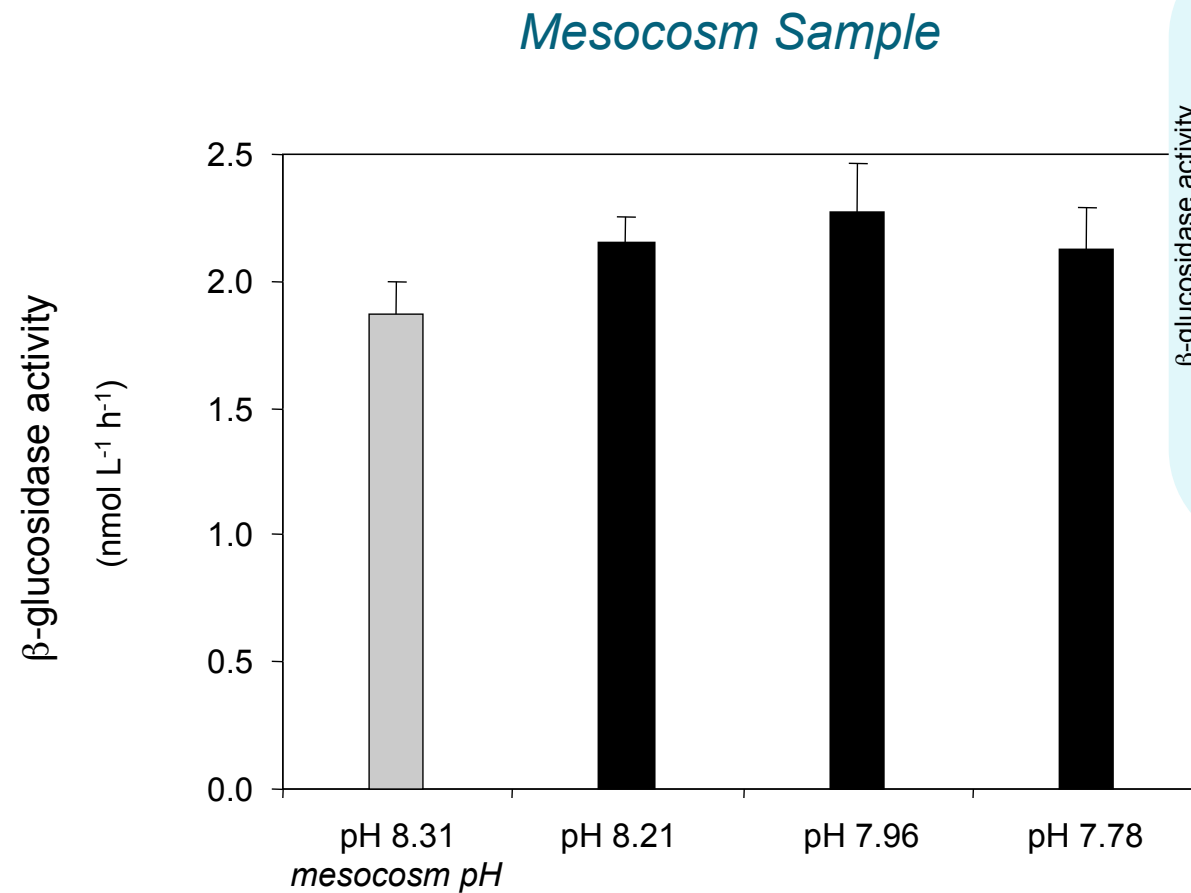
Photo: M. Sperling/ Map: AWI



EPOCA Mesocosm Study, Spitsbergen 2010

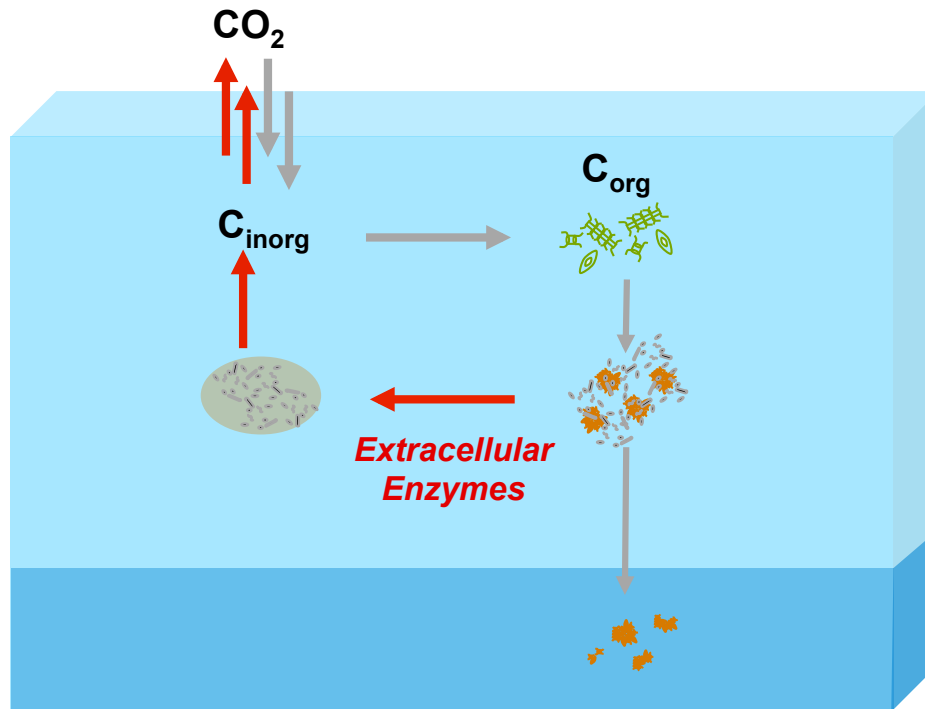


EPOCA Mesocosm Study, Spitsbergen 2010



Conclusions

Anthropogenic impacts on ocean pH are strong enough to affect the activity of extracellular enzymes in general.



Positive effects of moderate acidification on extracellular enzymes suggest higher bacterial degradation activity in the future ocean.

The regulation of enzyme activity by substrate concentration can superimpose pH effects induced by acidification.

Acknowledgments

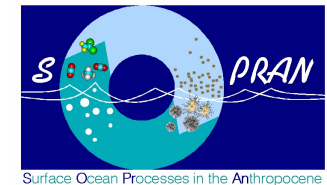
Special thanks to

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... S. Krug, K. Schulz, A. Ludwig, M. Lunau, C. Borchard, and M. Wurst

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**For more information on this topic please visit the posters of
Mascha Wurst and Sonja Endres**

