

# Utilizing PCM for Online Capacity Management of Component-Based Software Systems

André van Hoorn

*Software Engineering Group, University of Kiel*  
<http://se.informatik.uni-kiel.de/>

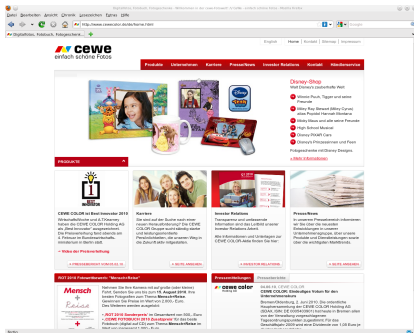
**Nov. 18, 2011 @ Palladio Days, Karlsruhe**



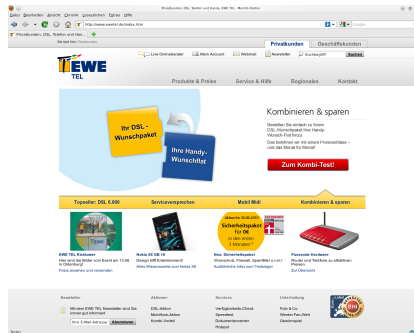
# Context of this Work

## Online Capacity Management for Increased Resource Efficiency

### Introduction ▶ Adaptive Capacity Management



The screenshot shows the CEWE website homepage. At the top, there is a navigation bar with 'Produkte', 'Unternehmen', 'Karriere', 'Pressefotos', 'Unsere Motivate', 'Kontakt', and 'Medienanfragen'. Below this, there are several promotional banners and articles. One prominent banner features a woman's face and the text 'Disney Shop'. Another section is titled 'CEWE COLOR ist das Beste im Jahr 2010'. The layout is clean and professional, with a focus on showcasing products and company news.



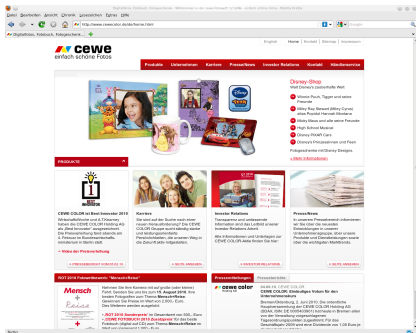
The screenshot shows the TIWE TEL website. The header includes 'Produkte & Preise', 'Service & Hilfe', 'Registrieren', and 'Kontakt'. The main content area features a large promotional graphic for 'Kombinieren & sparen' (Combine & save), highlighting a 'DSL-Wunschpaket' and a 'Handy-Wunschpaket'. Below this, there are sections for 'Topper DSL 4.800', 'Serviceansprechen', 'Mobil M&M', and 'Kombinieren & sparen'. The website uses a blue and yellow color scheme and includes various product images and text descriptions.

- Business-critical software systems

# Context of this Work

## Online Capacity Management for Increased Resource Efficiency

### Introduction ▶ Adaptive Capacity Management

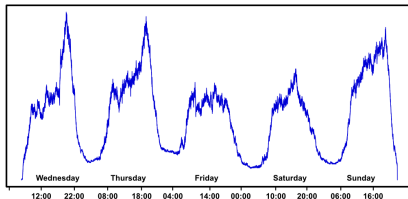


- Business-critical software systems
- Quality of service (performance, availability, ...)

# Context of this Work

## Online Capacity Management for Increased Resource Efficiency

Introduction ▶ Adaptive Capacity Management

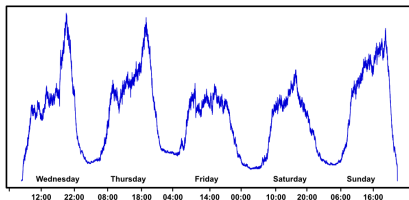


- Business-critical software systems
- Quality of service (**performance**, availability, ...)
- Varying workloads + static capacity management

# Context of this Work

## Online Capacity Management for Increased Resource Efficiency

### Introduction ▷ Adaptive Capacity Management



**Problem: Overprovisioning — unnecessarily high operating costs**

Underutilized resources during medium/low workload periods

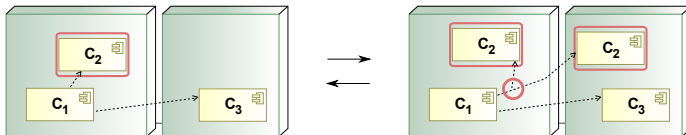
**Goal: Increase resource efficiency while meeting SLAs**

▷ **SLAs** [van Hoorn et al. 2009a, van Hoorn 2011]:

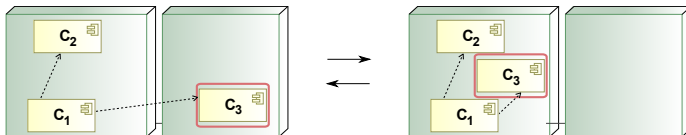
Online capacity management employing architecture-based runtime reconfiguration

- 1 Introduction — Adaptive Capacity Management
- 2 SLAStic Approach
- 3 Extracting SLAStic Models via Dynamic Analysis
- 4 Utilizing PCM for SLAStic
- 5 Conclusions

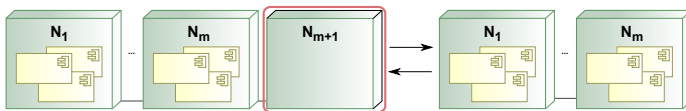
## 1 (De-)Replication of Software Components



## 2 Migration of Software Components



## 3 (De-)Allocation of Execution Containers



## 1 (De-)Replication of Software Components

- replicate (component: [AssemblyComponent](#), to: [ExecutionContainer](#))
- dereplicate (component: [DeploymentComponent](#))

## 2 Migration of Software Components

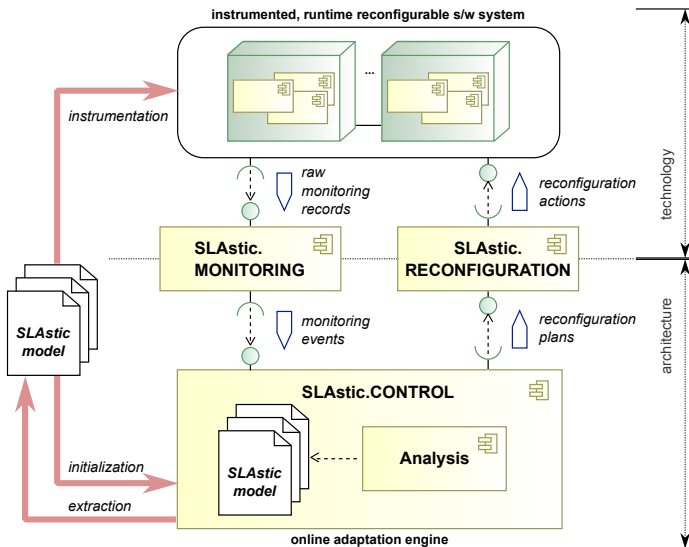
- migrate (component: [DeploymentComponent](#), to: [ExecutionContainer](#))

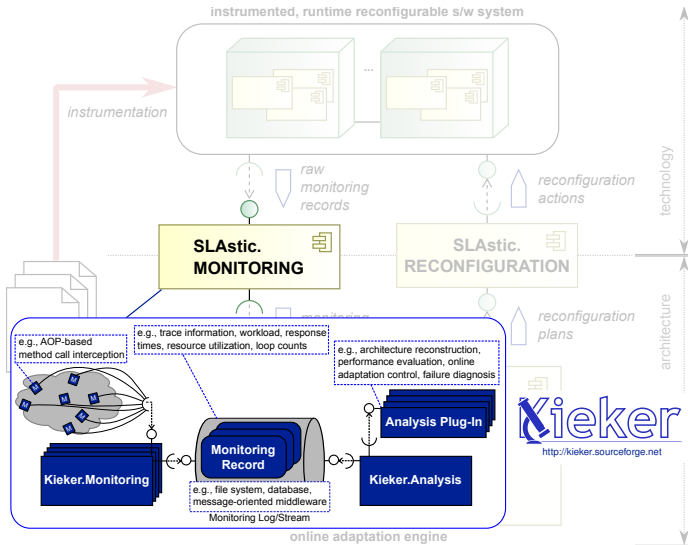
## 3 (De-)Allocation of Execution Containers

- deallocate (container: [ExecutionContainer](#))
- allocate (containerType: [ExecutionContainerType](#))



# Online Capacity Management Framework

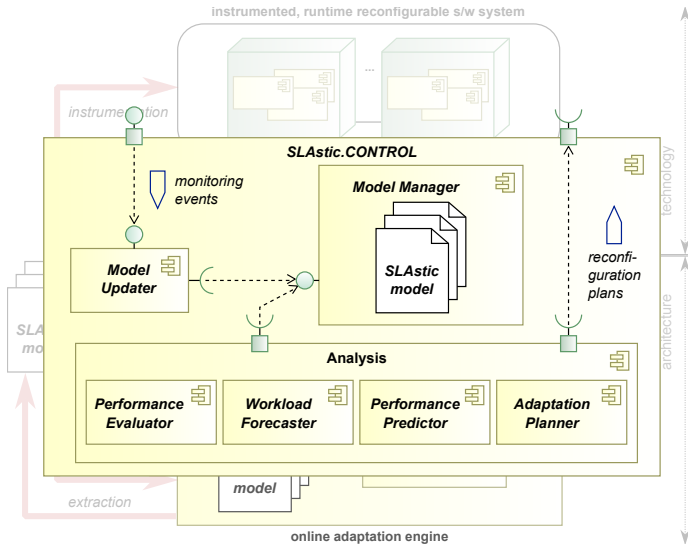




# SLAStic.CONTROL (zoom-in)

Online Capacity Management Framework (cont'd)

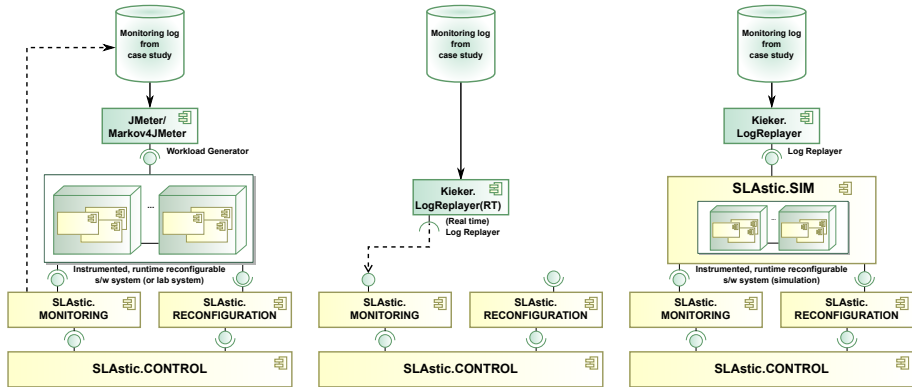
SLAStic Approach ▷ Overview



# Usage Scenarios of the SLAStic Framework

Online Capacity Management Framework (cont'd)

SLAStic Approach ▶ Overview



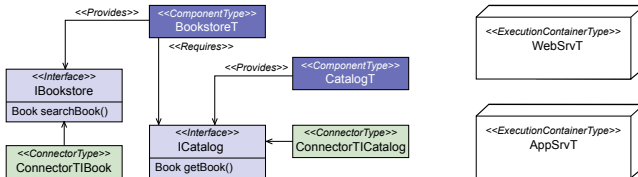
1 Online analysis (production/lab system)

2 Offline analysis (log replay)

3 Simulation-based analysis

## System Partition (also used as runtime model)

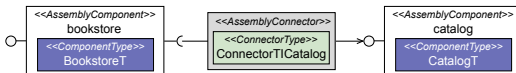
- 1 Type repository (e.g., component types, interfaces, connector types, execution container types)



Example type repository

### System Partition (also used as runtime model)

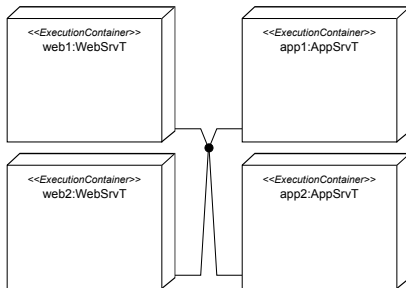
- 1 Type repository (e.g., component types, interfaces, connector types, execution container types)
- 2 Component assembly (e.g., assembly of components via connectors)



Example component assembly

### System Partition (also used as runtime model)

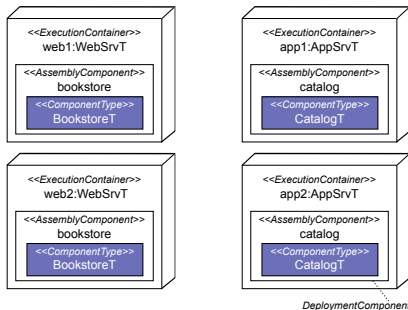
- 1 **Type repository** (e.g., component types, interfaces, connector types, execution container types)
- 2 **Component assembly** (e.g., assembly of components via connectors)
- 3 **Execution environment** (e.g., execution containers and interconnection via links)



Example execution environment

## System Partition (also used as runtime model)

- 1 Type repository (e.g., component types, interfaces, connector types, execution container types)
- 2 Component assembly (e.g., assembly of components via connectors)
- 3 Execution environment (e.g., execution containers and interconnection via links)
- 4 Component deployment (mapping: assembly components → containers)



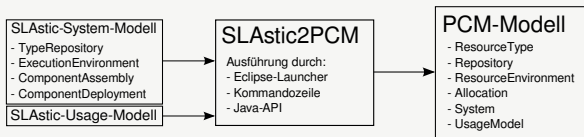
Example component deployment



## System Partition (also used as runtime model)

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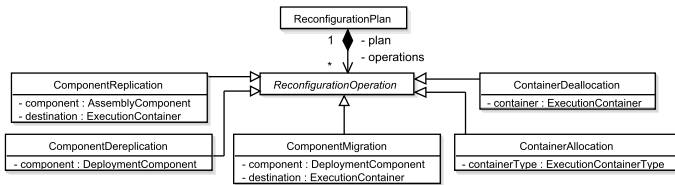
## SLAStic2PCM transforms SLAStic model to PCM [Günther 2011]



N. Günther. *Modellbasierte Laufzeit-Performance-Vorhersage für komponentenbasierte Softwarearchitekturen* ("Model-based online performance prediction for component-based software architectures", in german), Nov. 2011. Diploma Thesis, University of Kiel.

## Completions/Decorations

- Adaptation / Reconfiguration (e.g., plans, operations, capabilities, properties)

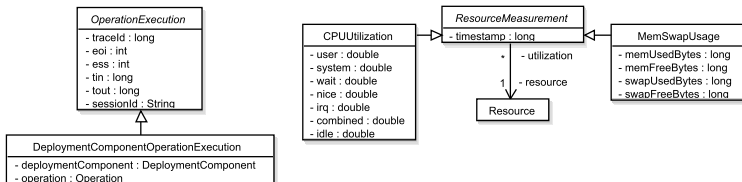


PCM-specific implementation of operations part of **SLAstic.SIM** [von Massow et al. 2011]

—  
R. von Massow, A. van Hoorn, and W. Hasselbring. *Performance simulation of runtime reconfigurable component-based software architectures*. In Proc. ECSA '11, vol. 6903 of LNCS, pages 43–58. Springer, Sept. 2011  
(As presented at Palladio Days 2010)

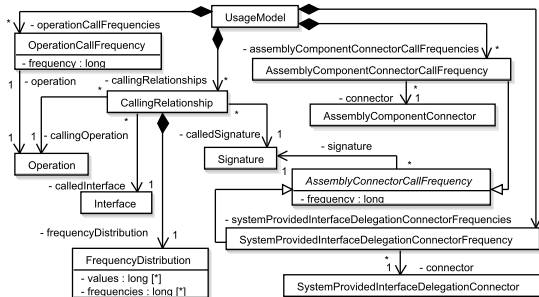
## Completions/Decorations

- Adaptation / Reconfiguration (e.g., plans, operations, capabilities, properties)
- Measurement (e.g., workload, timing, utilization)



## Completions/Decorations

- **Adaptation / Reconfiguration** (e.g., plans, operations, capabilities, properties)
- **Measurement** (e.g., workload, timing, utilization)
- **Usage** (e.g., operation call frequencies, calling relationships)



# ... (e.g., “cost” profiles)

## Completions/Decorations (cont'd)

SLAStic Approach ▷ Meta Model



## Completions/Decorations

- **Adaptation / Reconfiguration** (e.g., plans, operations, capabilities, properties)
- **Measurement** (e.g., workload, timing, utilization)
- **Usage** (e.g., operation call frequencies, calling relationships)
- ... — e.g., “cost” profiles (not yet implemented)

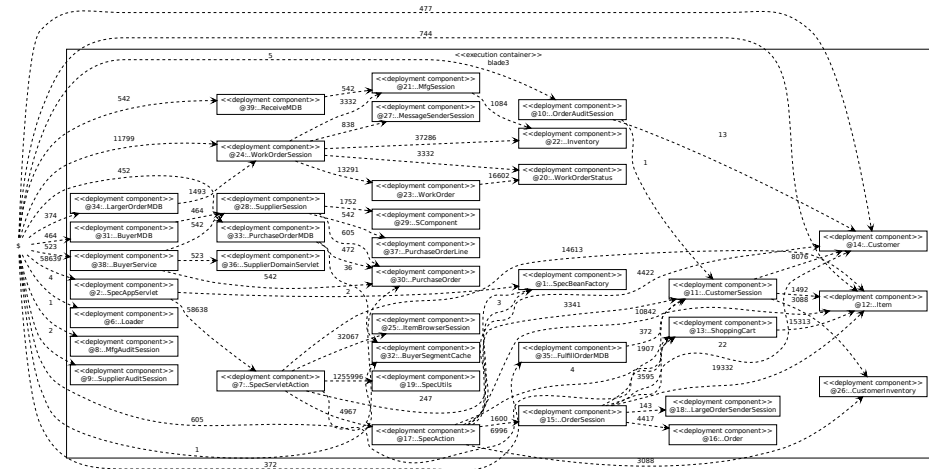
- 1 Introduction — Adaptive Capacity Management
- 2 SLAStic Approach
- 3 Extracting SLAStic Models via Dynamic Analysis**
- 4 Utilizing PCM for SLAStic
- 5 Conclusions

- 1 **Raw monitoring records** delivered by Kieker, e.g.
  - `OperationExecutionRecord` (incl. timing & tracing information)
  - `ResourceUtilizationRecord` and `MemSwapUsageRecord`
- 2 **Processing of records** by SLAStic.MONITORING
  - 1 Possible abstraction of component/operation names etc.
  - 2 Lookup/creation of architectural entities using `ModelManager`
  - 3 Transformation of raw monitoring records into monitoring events
  - 4 Send monitoring events to complex-event processing (CEP) engine
- 3 **Trace reconstruction**
  - 1 `TraceReconstructor` registers match/recognize CEP statement to collect executions grouped by trace ID (online)
  - 2 Send each reconstructed message trace to CEP engine
- 4 **Update of system and usage model**
  - 1 `UsageAndSystemModelUpdater` registers CEP statement to collect valid message traces
  - 2 Process each trace and update models using `ModelManager`

# SPECjEnterprise2010

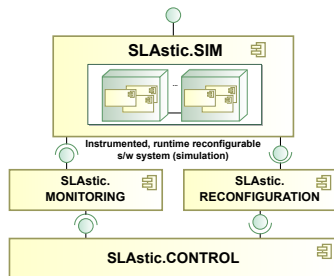
## Model Extraction Example

### Extracting SLAstatic Models via Dynamic Analysis





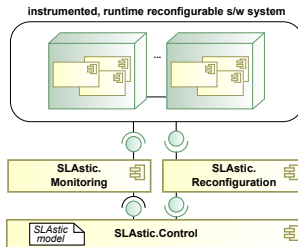
- 1 Simulation-based analysis
  - SLAStic.SIM as substitute for real system
  - Evaluation of approach, adaptation plans etc.
- 2 PCM @ Runtime
  - PCM instance decorated by SLAStic model
- 3 Online performance prediction (e.g., SLAStic.SIM)



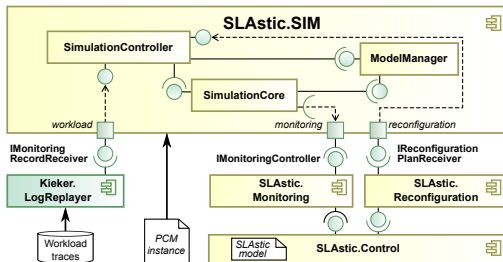
## Semi-automated extraction of PCM instances

- 1 Extraction of SLAStic instance by dyn. analysis
- 2 SLAStic2PCM transformation [Günther 2011]
- 3 *Assumption:*  
Manual refinement/calibration (offline)





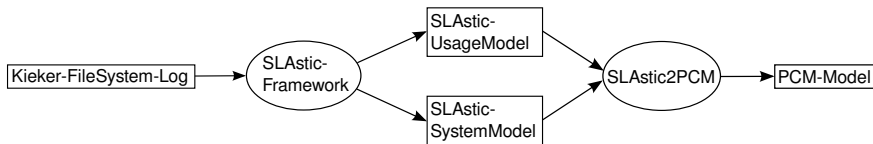
R. von Massow, A. van Hoorn, and W. Hasselbring. *Performance simulation of runtime reconfigurable component-based software architectures*. In Proc. ECSA '11, vol. 6903 of LNCS, pages 43–58. Springer, Sept. 2011  
(As presented at Palladio Days 2010)



- Simulation driven by recorded (varying) workload
- Simulation of PCM models with SLAStic's reconfiguration capabilities
- (limitations in terms of supported PCM features)

R. von Massow, A. van Hoorn, and W. Hasselbring. *Performance simulation of runtime reconfigurable component-based software architectures*. In Proc. ECSA '11, vol. 6903 of LNCS, pages 43–58. Springer, Sept. 2011  
(As presented at Palladio Days 2010)

- SLAstatic2PCM implemented as an ATL-based M2M transformation



- 1 Transformation of SLAstatic *System Model* to PCM counter parts pretty straight-forward

SLAstatic	PCM
TypeRepository	Repository, ResourceRepository
ComponentAssembly	System
ExecutionEnvironment	ResourceEnvironment
ComponentDeployment	Allocation

- 2 Generation of RDSEFFs (detailed on next slide) and Usage Models
  - RDSEFFs: Generated from `CallingRelationships` and `OperationCallFrequencies`
  - Usage Scenario (open workload) based on `SystemProvidedInterfaceDelegationConnectorFrequencies` and observation period

# Extraction of RDSEFFs (Pattern)

SLAstatic2PCM Transformation (cont'd)

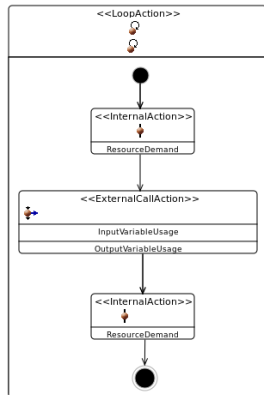
Utilizing PCM for SLAstatic ▷ SLAstatic2PCM M2M Transformation



For each Operation



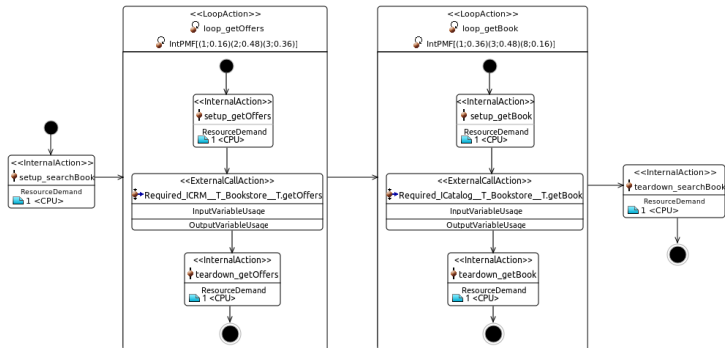
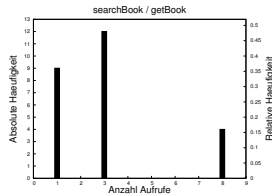
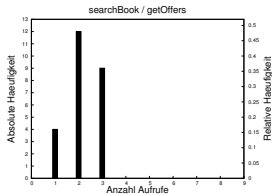
- 1 Create StartAction
- 2 Create InternalAction for initialization
- 3 Create LoopAction for each Interface Signature called by Operation
  - 1 Create StartAction + InternalAction for initialization
  - 2 Create ExternalCallAction
  - 3 Create InternalAction for termination + StopAction
- 4 Create InternalAction for termination
- 5 Create StopAction



# Extraction of RDSEFFs (Example)

## SLAstatic2PCM Transformation (cont'd)

Utilizing PCM for SLAstatic  $\triangleright$  SLAstatic2PCM M2M Transformation



- Kieker file system log

System	Size of Monitoring Log	# Operation Executions	# Traces
Bookstore	892 KB	6,540	1,635
JPetStore	63 MB	259,852	48,720
Customer Portal	164 MB	847,758	316,980
SPECjEnterprise	380 MB	189,4830	75,018

- SLAStic model metrics

System	# Components	# Signatures	# Containers	# CallingRelationships	# value pairs
Bookstore	3	6	2	3	3
JPetStore	9	42	1	25	25
Customer Portal	11	212	4	97	174
SPECjEnterprise	39	272	1	198	463

- Durations of SLAStic2PCM transformations

System	Mean duration (seconds)	Std dev.
Bookstore	0.9985	0.049
JPetStore	1.177	0.043
Customer Portal	2.2608	0.032
SPECjEnterprise	4.9192	0.101

## Summary

- Outlined **SLastic approach**: Online capacity management of CB systems
- Architectural models used @ Runtime (PCM by decoration)
- Extraction of SLastic ( $\rightarrow$  SLastic2PCM  $\rightarrow$  PCM) models via dynamic analysis
- Extraction step evaluated for larger systems already
- Supported languages (thanks to Kieker's language support):
  - Java,
  - .NET,
  - Visual Basic 6
  - (in progress: COBOL, ...)

## Future Work

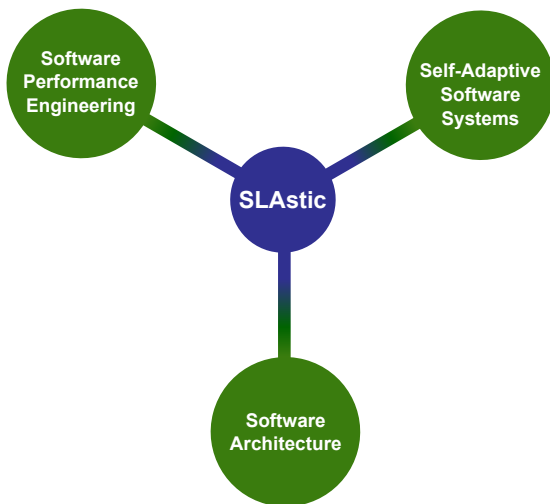
- Extend SLastic2PCM to produce **SLastic/PCM decorator model**
- Basic **extraction of resource demands** for PCM RDSEFFs
- Evaluate quality of extracted models
- Resolve some of SLastic.SIM's limitations (e.g., PMF support in loops)

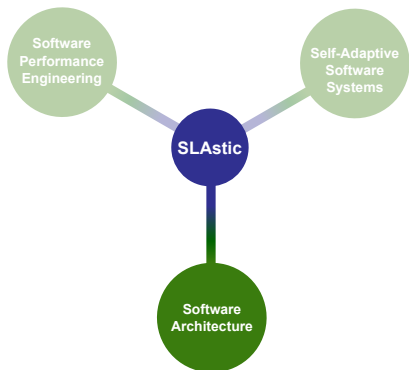


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- J. Kramer and J. Magee. The evolving philosophers problem: Dynamic change management. *IEEE Transactions on Software Engineering*, 16(11): 1293–1306, 1990.
- J. Matevska. *Architekturbasierte erreichbarkeitsoptimierte Rekonfiguration komponentenbasierter Softwaresysteme zur Laufzeit*. PhD thesis, Department of Computer Science, University of Oldenburg, Oldenburg, Germany, July 2009.
- N. Medvidovic and R. N. Taylor. A classification and comparison framework for software architecture description languages. *IEEE Trans. Softw. Eng.*, 26(1): 70–93, 2000. ISSN 0098-5589. doi: 10.1109/32.825767.

## Conclusions

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- A. van Hoorn. *Online Capacity Management for Increased Resource Efficiency of Component-Based Software Systems*. PhD thesis, Department of Computer Science, University of Oldenburg, Oldenburg, Germany, 2011. work in progress.
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- A. van Hoorn, M. Rohr, W. Hasselbring, J. Waller, J. Ehlers, S. Frey, and D. Kieselhorst. Continuous monitoring of software services: Design and application of the Kieker framework. Technical Report TR-0921, Department of Computer Science, University of Kiel, Germany, Nov. 2009b. URL [http://www.informatik.uni-kiel.de/uploads/tx\\_publication/vanhoorn\\_tr0921.pdf](http://www.informatik.uni-kiel.de/uploads/tx_publication/vanhoorn_tr0921.pdf).
- R. von Massow, A. van Hoorn, and W. Hasselbring. Performance simulation of runtime reconfigurable component-based software architectures. In I. Crnkovic, V. Gruhn, and M. Book, editors, *Proceedings of the 5th European Conference on Software Architecture (ECSA '11)*, volume 6903 of *Lecture Notes in Computer Science*, pages 43–58. Springer, Sept. 2011. doi: 10.1007/978-3-642-23798-0\_5.
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### Software Architecture (IEEE Def. [IEEE 2000])

“The fundamental organization of a system embodied in

- its components,
- their relationships to each other and to the environment,
- and the principles guiding its design and evolution.”

### • Views & Viewpoints

[Clements et al. 2002]

- Structural
- Behavioral

### • ADLs

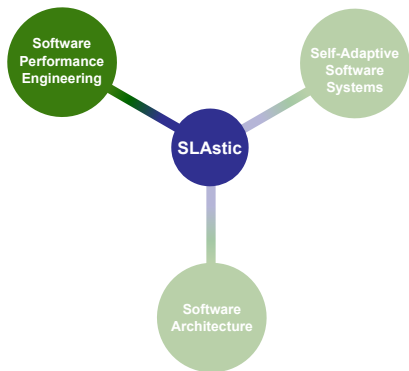
[Medvidovic and Taylor 2000, Taylor et al. 2009]

### • Architectural styles [Taylor et al. 2009]

- Component-based
- Service-oriented, etc.

### • Runtime reconfiguration/ Change management

[Kramer and Magee 1990, Hofmeister 1993, Matevska 2009]

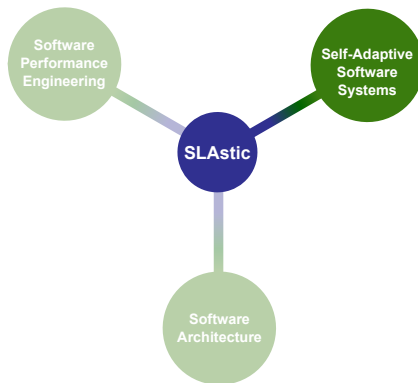


### Software Performance Engineering [Woodside et al. 2007]

“Represents the entire collection of **software engineering activities and related analyses** used throughout the **software development cycle** which are directed to meeting performance requirements.”

## Performance

- Concerned with
  - Timing
  - Resource usage
- Metrics [Jain 1991]
  - Response time,
  - Throughput,
  - Utilization, etc.
- Model- vs. Measurement-based
- Capacity Planning [Menascé and Almeida 2002]
  - SLAs/SLOs
  - Workload Characterization
  - Workload Forecasting
  - Performance Prediction



**IBM's autonomic computing initiative** [Kephart and Chess 2003, IBM 2010]

"Systems manage themselves according to an administrator's goals."

## Performance Modeling of Component-Based Software Systems

- S. Becker, H. Koziolok and R. Reussner. [The Palladio component model for model-driven performance prediction](#). JSS, 2009.
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## Architecture-Based Runtime Reconfiguration

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