

# $^{40}\text{Ar}/^{39}\text{Ar}$ Geochronology of Volcanic Rocks associated with the Ipolytarnoc Fossil Track Site

By

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Prepared for

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## Introduction

David Karatson from Eötvös University submitted two volcanic samples to the NMGRRL for  $^{40}\text{Ar}/^{39}\text{Ar}$  dating. The samples are from the fossil site of Ipolytarnóc and are part of a geochronological study to constrain the ages of fossils at this important location. Sanidine was dated from one sample and co-genetic plagioclase and biotite were also dated from each sample. The samples are expected to yield middle-Miocene eruption ages.

## $^{40}\text{Ar}/^{39}\text{Ar}$ Analytical Methods and Results

Sanidine and plagioclase were separated by standard mineral separation methods. This included coarse crushing and sieving the sample and then treating in dilute HF in and ultrasonic bath. Crystals were handpicked while the cleaned material was immersed in wintergreen oil viewed with a polarizing binocular microscope. Biotite grains were handpicked from the crushed material (not treated in HF) under a standard binocular microscope. The samples were irradiated in the NM-316 package for 16 hours at the USGS TRIGA reactor (central thimble) in Denver, CO along with the standard Fish Canyon tuff sanidine as a neutron flux monitor. Sanidine was analyzed by single crystal laser fusion (Tables 1, 2) using a  $\text{CO}_2$  laser to heat the crystals whereas plagioclase single crystals were step-heated (Table 3) to produce low-resolution age spectra (generally 2-steps). Bulk samples of biotite were step-heated using a defocused diode laser to heat the samples (Tables 1, 3).

Eighteen single crystals of sanidine were dated from sample EGE\_HOM\_1 (Fig. 1). The dates range between about 18.1 to 17.4 Ma with 14 of the 18 dates yielding a weighted mean age of  $18.057 \pm 0.009$  Ma. The majority of crystals have K/Ca values of  $\sim 80$  which is typical of sanidine, however the younger dates generally have much lower K/Ca values and associated low radiogenic yields (Fig. 1). Twenty-three plagioclase single crystals from EGE\_HOM\_1 yield concordant age spectra with plateau ages falling between  $18.94 \pm 0.48$  and  $18.08 \pm 0.13$  Ma (Fig. 2). The weighted mean of the plateau ages is  $18.29 \pm 0.04$  Ma (Table 1). Isochron analyses, which includes all 47 heating steps, gives an age of  $18.21 \pm 0.04$  Ma and a trapped initial  $^{40}\text{Ar}/^{36}\text{Ar}$  value of  $300 \pm 6$  (Fig. 3a). EGE\_HOM\_1 biotite yields a generally climbing age spectrum with initial ages near 14 Ma that rise to about 18.6 Ma (Fig. 4). No plateau age is assigned to this sample

and the total gas age of  $\sim 17.1$  Ma is substantially younger than the sanidine and plagioclase from this sample. For IT\_BEMUT2, both plagioclase and biotite were dated. Twenty-three single plagioclase crystals were step-heated with 2 steps each and the spectra either reveal plateau ages or a discordant pattern where the initial step A is relatively old and the second step B is younger (Fig. 5). An isochron age of  $17.17 \pm 0.09$  Ma is obtained from all 46 heating steps with an initial trapped  $^{40}\text{Ar}/^{36}\text{Ar}$  component of  $361 \pm 6$  that is substantially higher than modern atmosphere argon (Fig. 3b). Biotite for this sample yields a very anomalously young apparent age with many steps near 2 Ma and the highest temperature steps climbing to ca. 12 Ma (Fig. 4). Based on sample weight and  $^{39}\text{Ar}$  production the sample appears to have about 1.5 weight %  $\text{K}_2\text{O}$  which is very low for pristine biotite (Table 2).

## Discussion

The biotite data from this study did not yield meaningful age data as it appears the samples have undergone argon loss due to alteration.

The preferred eruption age for EGE\_HOM\_1 is given by the sanidine data at  $18.057 \pm 0.009$  Ma. The younger ages appear to come mainly from compositionally distinct grains that yield lower K/Ca values and are substantially less radiogenic compared to the grouping defining the preferred age. These grains are likely altered which can cause radiogenic argon loss and thus anomalously young ages (cf. Deino et al. 1990). The MSWD for the chosen population is somewhat high at 12.2 and may indicate geological scatter in the data. However, most sanidines dated at ultrahigh precision show some scatter of which at least partially can be attributed to neutron flux gradients where no two grains in the sample irradiation pit can share exactly equal geometry. Another source of scatter can be related to variable amounts of melt inclusions between the crystals and if the melt contains excess argon the distribution can show some dispersion. The plagioclase crystals have individual age spectra that are all concordant. A weighed mean of all 47 steps yields an age of  $18.22 \pm 0.03$  Ma with slight scatter (MSWD=3.38). The isochron data show similar scatter and yield an analytically indistinguishable age at  $18.21 \pm 0.04$  Ma. At two-sigma analytical uncertainty the sanidine and plagioclase results are slightly discordant. Because of the high precision and radiogenic yield of the sanidine data relative to the plagioclase data the preferred age of EGE\_HOM\_1 is given by the sanidine.

The plagioclase isochron age of  $17.17 \pm 0.09$  Ma is interpreted as the eruption of IT\_BEMUT2. The individual age spectra commonly show an initial step that is old compared to the second step and also has lower radiogenic yield and thus support excess argon being the cause of the discordance. The isochron supports this, as the trapped initial  $^{40}\text{Ar}/^{36}\text{Ar}$  is  $361 \pm 6$ . The isochron does have some scatter as shown by the MSWD at 5.3. This likely is due to some variation of the trapped initial argon which is supported by some of the crystals having concordant age spectra which would be consistent with a more atmospheric initial  $^{40}\text{Ar}/^{36}\text{Ar}$  value. There are various other ways to treat the plagioclase data. For instance, one could use only the B steps that are more precise and apparently less contaminated with excess argon and doing so yields an isochron age of  $17.25 \pm 0.11$  Ma. However, any reasonable combination of the data yields a similar age to that obtained by using all steps on a single isochron. Considering that there is only a small discordance between the sanidine and plagioclase from EGE\_HOM\_1, it may be likely that the plagioclase from IT\_BEMUT2 is accurate and records a robust eruption age.

Palfy et al. (2007) published a zircon U/Pb age of  $17.42 \pm 0.04$  Ma and a  $^{40}\text{Ar}/^{39}\text{Ar}$  plagioclase age of  $17.02 \pm 0.14$  Ma (both errors are  $2\sigma$ ). This argon age is based on a Fish Canyon standard age of 28.02 Ma and if normalized to the standard age of 28.201 Ma used here their age becomes 17.13 Ma which is essentially identical to the 17.17 Ma result from NM Tech. Palfy et al. (2007) suggested the zircon and plagioclase age discordance was due to either the calibration of the U/Pb and K/Ar systems or pre-eruptive residence of zircon in the magma. Renne et al. (2011) published an age of Fish Canyon sanidine of 28.294 Ma and a total decay constant of  $5.5305 \times 10^{-11}$  /a. Using this calibration the Palfy et al. (2007) plagioclase age becomes 17.21 Ma which is still much younger than the zircon age thereby supporting magma residence for the age discordance between the zircon and plagioclase. Because of magma residence issues for zircon, it appears the best eruption age is given by the  $^{40}\text{Ar}/^{39}\text{Ar}$  results.

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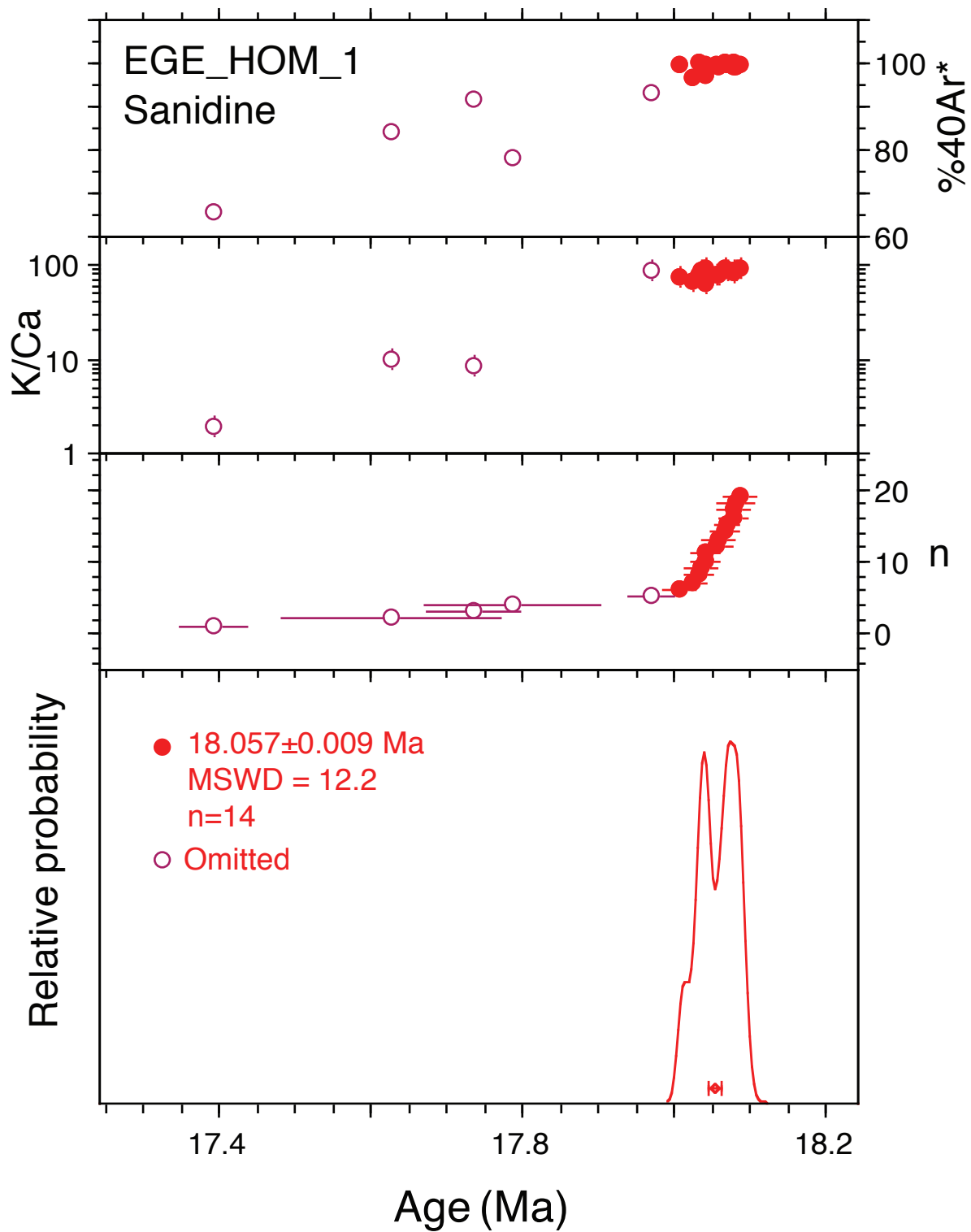


Figure 1. Age probability, K/Ca and radiogenic yield diagrams for single crystal sanidine total fusion results. The high radiogenic yield and high K/Ca results yield the preferred weighted mean age. The omitted data generally have low K/Ca and low radiogenic yield indicating a compositionally distinct population and apparent argon loss.

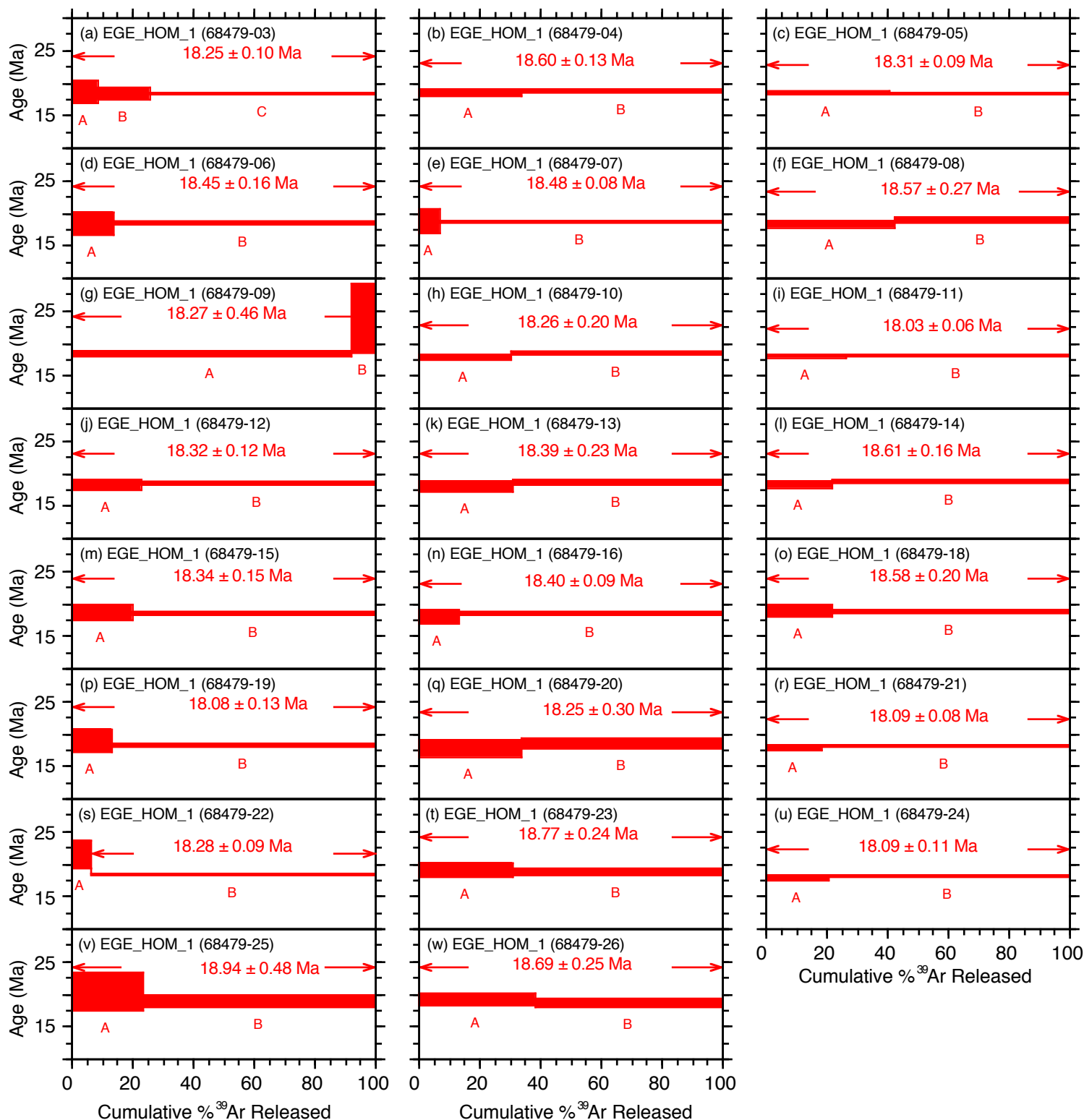


Figure 2. Age spectra for single crystal plagioclase step-heating results. All of the spectra yield concordant ages and the assigned ages represent the weight mean of the indicated steps.

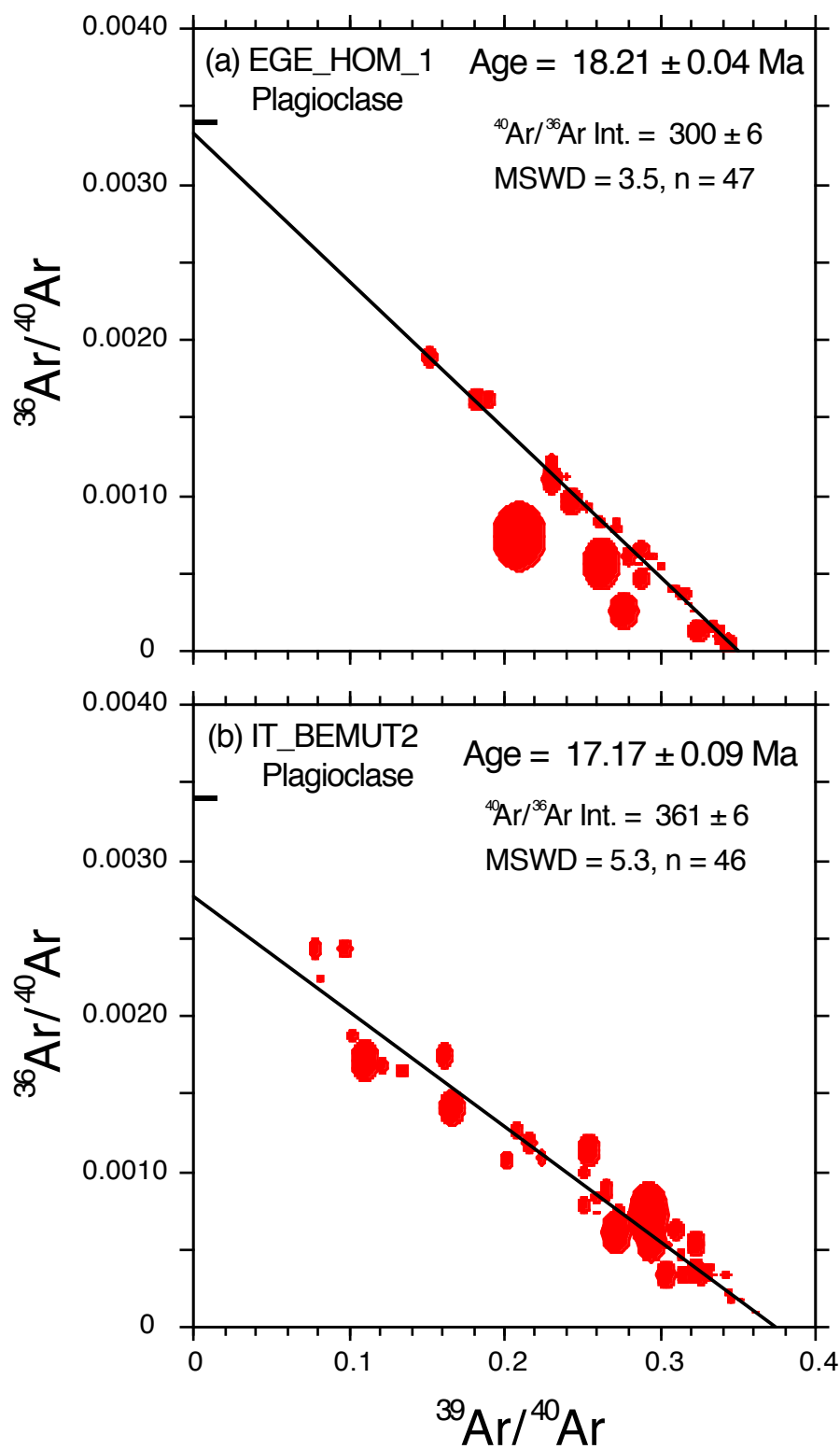


Figure 3. Isochron data derived for all heating steps of the plagioclase age spectrum analyses.



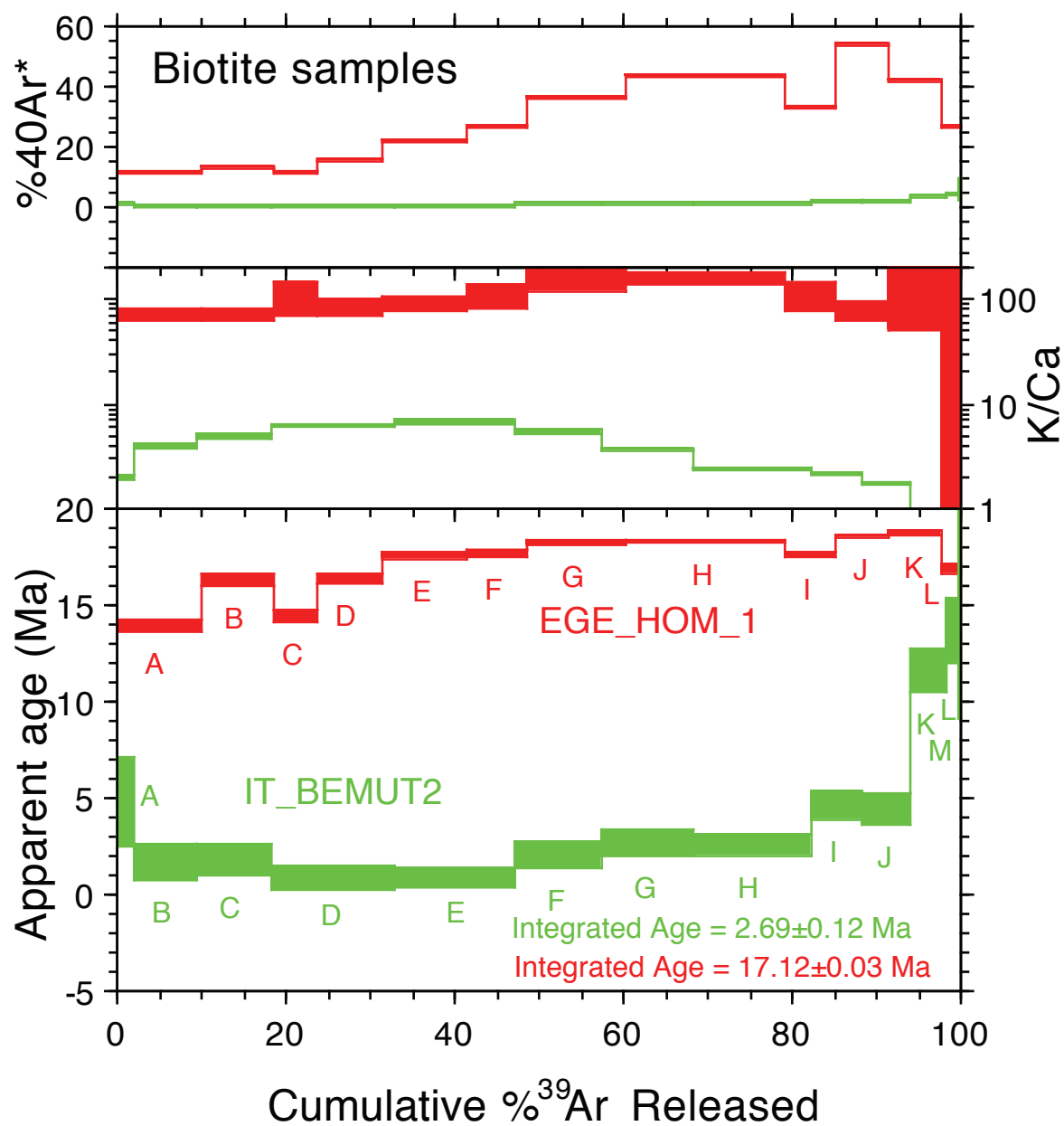


Figure 4. Age spectrum, K/Ca and radiogenic yield diagrams for step-heated bulk biotite samples. Both samples yield disturbed age spectra related to alteration that was not visibly apparent.

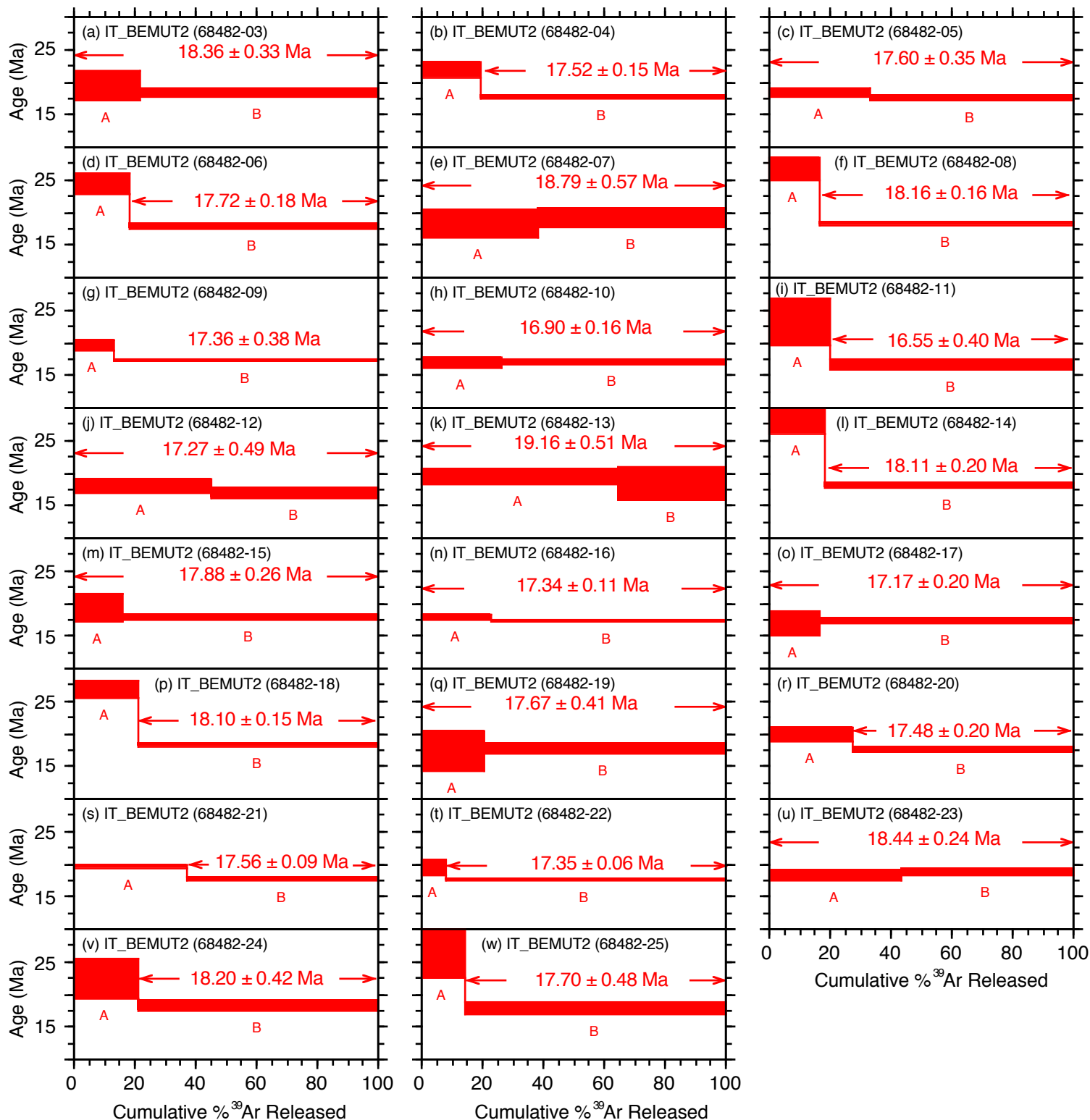


Figure 5. Age spectra for single crystal plagioclase step-heating results. Some of the spectra yield concordant ages whereas others have an older “A” step compared to the younger “B” step. For the concordant spectra the assigned ages represent the weight mean of the indicated steps. For the discordant spectra, the age shown is the measured age of the “B” step.

Table 1.  $^{40}\text{Ar}/^{39}\text{Ar}$  analytical methods and age summary.

Summary

Sample	L#	Min	Weighted men				Isochron of all heating steps					
			Age	$\pm$	n	MSWD	Age	$\pm$	$^{40}\text{Ar}/^{36}\text{Ar}_o$	$\pm$	n	MSWD
EGE_HOM_1	68480	San	18.057	0.009	14	12.2						
EGE_HOM_1	68479	Plag					18.21	0.04	300	6	47	3.5
IT_BEMUT2	68482	Plag					17.17	0.09	361	6	46	5.3

L# = Lab number

n = number of heating steps or total fusions

Min = mineral. San = Sanidine, Plag = Plagioclase

All errors at  $1\sigma$

Methods

Sample preparation and irradiation:

Plagioclase and sanidine hand-picked under wintergreen oil using polarizing microscope.

Biotite handpicked from crushed rock.

Samples loaded into machined Al discs and irradiated for 16 hrs in the NM-316 irradiation package in central thimble, USGS, Denver, CO.

Neutron flux monitor Fish Canyon Tuff sanidine (FC-2). Assigned age = 28.201 Ma Kuiper et al. (2008).

Instrumentation: Biotite

Biotite (bulk sample) step-heated using a 55 W Photon-Machines diode laser.

Helix MC plus mass spectrometer (system = Felix) on line with automated all-metal extraction system.

Multi-collector configuration:  $^{40}\text{Ar}$ -H2,  $^{39}\text{Ar}$ -H1,  $^{38}\text{Ar}$ -AX,  $^{37}\text{Ar}$ -L1,  $^{36}\text{Ar}$ -L2

Amplifier configuration: H2, L1 1E12; H1, 1E13; L1 1E14 Ohm Faradays, L2 - CDD ion counter, deadtime 20 ns.

Samples heated for 60 s.

Reactive gases removed by 1 minute exposure to one SAES GP-50 getter operated at  $\sim 450^\circ\text{C}$ .

Gas also exposed to a cold finger operated at  $-140^\circ\text{C}$ .

Instrumentation: Single crystal plagioclase and sanidine

Sanidine single crystals fused for 30 seconds using a 75 W Photon-Machines  $\text{CO}_2$  laser.

Plagioclase single crystals step-heated (30 seconds per step) using a 75 W Photon-Machines  $\text{CO}_2$  laser.

ARGUS VI mass spectrometer (system = Jan) on line with automated all-metal extraction system.

Multi-collector configuration:  $^{40}\text{Ar}$ -H1,  $^{39}\text{Ar}$ -Ax,  $^{38}\text{Ar}$ -L1,  $^{37}\text{Ar}$ -L2,  $^{36}\text{Ar}$ -L3

Amplifier configuration: H1, AX, 1E13; L1, L2, 1E14 Ohm Faradays, L3 - CDD ion counter, deadtime 14 ns.

Sanidine Samples fused for 30 seconds at 5 W using a  $\text{CO}_2$  laser.

Reactive gases removed by 30 second exposure to two NP-10 gettes, one operated at  $\sim 450^\circ\text{C}$  and one at  $20^\circ\text{C}$  and one GP-50 getter at  $20^\circ\text{C}$ .

Analytical parameters:

Mass spectrometer sensitivity  $6 \times 10^{-17}$  (Jan),  $2.1 \times 10^{-16}$  (Felix) moles/fA

Total system blank and background:

Felix =  $10 \pm 4\%$ ,  $0.5 \pm 12\%$ ,  $0.064 \pm 70\%$ ,  $0.1 \pm 85\%$ ,  $0.05 \pm 3\% \times 10^{-17}$  moles for masses 40, 39, 38, 37, 36, respectively.

Jan =  $8 \pm 1\%$ ,  $0.17 \pm 20\%$ ,  $0.07 \pm 10\%$ ,  $0.14 \pm 7\%$ ,  $0.04 \pm 3\% \times 10^{-17}$  moles for masses 40, 39, 38, 37, 36, respectively.

J-factors determined to a precision of  $\pm 0.03\%$  by  $\text{CO}_2$  laser-fusion of 6 single crystals from 8 radial positions around the irradiation tray.

Table 2. Sanidine single crystal laser fusion argon data.

ID	$^{40}\text{Ar}/^{39}\text{Ar}$	$^{37}\text{Ar}/^{39}\text{Ar}$	$^{36}\text{Ar}/^{39}\text{Ar}$	$^{39}\text{Ar}_K$	K/Ca	$^{40}\text{Ar}^*$	Age	$\pm 1\sigma$
			( $\times 10^{-3}$ )	( $\times 10^{-15}$ mol)		(%)	(Ma)	(Ma)
<b>EGE_HOM_1, Sanidine, J=0.0035174±0.03%, IC=0.990485±0.0008532, NM-316M, Lab#=68480</b>								
x 10	4.165	0.2808	4.964	6.989	1.8	65.3	17.394	0.033
x 06	3.287	0.0547	1.802	0.303	9.3	83.9	17.63	0.13
x 14	3.049	0.0638	0.9436	0.892	8.0	91.0	17.738	0.050
x 20	3.561	2.847	3.432	0.482	0.18	78.0	17.79	0.10
x 07	3.030	0.0061	0.7358	3.447	83.5	92.8	17.971	0.019
04	2.838	0.0071	0.0672	8.403	71.4	99.3	18.011	0.007
05	2.935	0.0081	0.3873	13.314	63.3	96.1	18.025	0.008
13	2.833	0.0067	0.0353	9.585	75.7	99.6	18.035	0.006
16	2.842	0.0062	0.0644	4.270	82.9	99.3	18.038	0.009
03	2.847	0.0059	0.0784	11.349	87.1	99.2	18.043	0.006
01	2.916	0.0083	0.3144	12.455	61.7	96.8	18.043	0.007
11	2.842	0.0068	0.0538	6.014	74.7	99.5	18.059	0.007
12	2.862	0.0067	0.1197	5.742	76.6	98.8	18.061	0.009
02	2.838	0.0059	0.0348	6.057	86.9	99.7	18.068	0.007
18	2.850	0.0061	0.0725	12.653	84.1	99.3	18.071	0.006
08	2.862	0.0062	0.1081	9.928	81.8	98.9	18.081	0.006
19	2.844	0.0066	0.0497	8.670	77.9	99.5	18.082	0.007
17	2.872	0.0062	0.1434	3.871	83.0	98.5	18.084	0.011
09	2.853	0.0059	0.0727	7.085	86.7	99.3	18.090	0.007
<b>Mean age ± 1σ</b>	n=14	MSWD=12.2					18.057	0.009

**Notes:**

Isotopic ratios corrected for blank, radioactive decay, and mass discrimination, not corrected for interfering reactions.

Errors quoted for individual analyses include analytical error only, without interfering reaction or J uncertainties.

Mean age is weighted mean age of Taylor (1982). Mean age error is weighted error

of the mean (Taylor, 1982), multiplied by the root of the MSWD where  $MSWD > 1$ , and also

incorporates uncertainty in J factors and irradiation correction uncertainties.

Isotopic abundances after Steiger and Jäger (1977).

x preceding sample ID denotes analyses excluded from mean age calculations.

Ages calculated relative to FC-2 Fish Canyon Tuff sanidine interlaboratory standard at 28.201 Ma

Decay Constant (LambdaK (total)) = 5.463e-10/a

Correction factors:

$$(^{39}\text{Ar}/^{37}\text{Ar})_{\text{Ca}} = 0.000682 \pm 0.000004$$

$$(^{36}\text{Ar}/^{37}\text{Ar})_{\text{Ca}} = 0.0002761 \pm 0.0000010$$

$$(^{38}\text{Ar}/^{39}\text{Ar})_K = 0.0124 \pm 0.0002$$

$$(^{40}\text{Ar}/^{39}\text{Ar})_{\text{K}} = 0.008 \pm 0.0005$$

Table 3. Plagioclase and biotite step-heating data.

ID	Power (Watts)	<sup>40</sup> Ar/ <sup>39</sup> Ar	<sup>37</sup> Ar/ <sup>39</sup> Ar	<sup>36</sup> Ar/ <sup>39</sup> Ar (x 10 <sup>-3</sup> )	<sup>39</sup> Ar <sub>K</sub> (x 10 <sup>-15</sup> mol)	K/Ca	<sup>40</sup> Ar* (%)	<sup>39</sup> Ar (%)	Age (Ma)	±1σ (Ma)
EGE_HOM_1, Plagioclase, J=0.0035076±0.03%, IC=0.9953±0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68479-03										
A	0.2	4.320	3.572	5.733	0.030	0.14	67.5	8.9	18.63	0.86
B	0.2	2.896	5.697	1.683	0.056	0.090	98.9	25.8	18.32	0.43
C	3.5	2.893	5.949	1.783	0.247	0.086	98.6	100.0	18.24	0.10
Integrated age ± 1σ		n=3			0.333	0.090			18.29	0.15
Plateau ± 1σ steps A-C		n=3		MSWD=0.11	0.333			100.0	18.25	0.10
EGE_HOM_1, Plagioclase, J=0.0035076±0.03%, IC=0.9953±0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68479-04										
A	0.2	3.818	2.864	3.953	0.094	0.18	75.5	34.1	18.41	0.27
B	3.5	3.482	3.679	2.911	0.181	0.14	83.9	100.0	18.66	0.15
Integrated age ± 1σ		n=2			0.275	0.15			18.57	0.16
Plateau ± 1σ steps A-B		n=2		MSWD=0.67	0.275			100.0	18.60	0.13
EGE_HOM_1, Plagioclase, J=0.0035076±0.03%, IC=0.9953±0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68479-05										
A	0.2	2.946	2.092	0.8217	0.169	0.24	97.6	40.7	18.34	0.15
B	3.5	2.957	3.680	1.326	0.246	0.14	96.9	100.0	18.30	0.11
Integrated age ± 1σ		n=2			0.415	0.17			18.315	0.110
Plateau ± 1σ steps A-B		n=2		MSWD=0.05	0.415			100.0	18.313	0.088
EGE_HOM_1, Plagioclase, J=0.0035076±0.03%, IC=0.9953±0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68479-06										
A	0.2	5.443	2.736	9.478	0.030	0.19	52.6	14.1	18.29	0.90
B	3.5	3.787	3.774	4.082	0.181	0.14	76.2	100.0	18.45	0.16
Integrated age ± 1σ		n=2			0.211	0.14			18.43	0.20
Plateau ± 1σ steps A-B		n=2		MSWD=0.03	0.211			100.0	18.45	0.16
EGE_HOM_1, Plagioclase, J=0.0035076±0.03%, IC=0.9953±0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68479-07										
A	0.2	6.525	2.652	12.97	0.027	0.19	44.5	7.1	18.56	0.93
B	3.5	3.409	3.502	2.708	0.358	0.15	84.9	100.0	18.482	0.080
Integrated age ± 1σ		n=2			0.385	0.15			18.488	0.120
Plateau ± 1σ steps A-B		n=2		MSWD=0.01	0.385			100.0	18.483	0.080
EGE_HOM_1, Plagioclase, J=0.0035076±0.03%, IC=0.9953±0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68479-08										
A	0.2	2.988	4.540	1.719	0.091	0.11	95.4	42.7	18.22	0.25
B	3.5	3.088	5.243	1.963	0.122	0.097	95.1	100.0	18.77	0.20
Integrated age ± 1σ		n=2			0.213	0.10			18.53	0.19
Plateau ± 1σ steps A-B		n=2		MSWD=2.98	0.213			100.0	18.57	0.27
EGE_HOM_1, Plagioclase, J=0.0035076±0.03%, IC=0.9953±0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68479-09										
A	0.2	3.229	2.960	2.076	0.104	0.17	88.5	92.3	18.24	0.22
B	3.5	4.735	2.730	4.170	0.009	0.19	78.6	100.0	23.8	2.7
Integrated age ± 1σ		n=2			0.113	0.17			18.66	0.30
Plateau ± 1σ steps A-B		n=2		MSWD=4.26	0.113			100.0	18.27	0.46

Table 3. Plagioclase and biotite step-heating data.

ID	Power (Watts)	$^{40}\text{Ar}/^{39}\text{Ar}$	$^{37}\text{Ar}/^{39}\text{Ar}$	$^{36}\text{Ar}/^{39}\text{Ar}$ ( $\times 10^{-3}$ )	$^{39}\text{Ar}_K$ ( $\times 10^{-15}$ mol)	K/Ca	$^{40}\text{Ar}^*$ (%)	$^{39}\text{Ar}$ (%)	Age (Ma)	$\pm 1\sigma$ (Ma)
<b>EGE_HOM_1, Plagioclase, J=0.0035076<math>\pm</math>0.03%, IC=0.9953<math>\pm</math>0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68479-10</b>										
A	0.2	3.322	2.108	2.370	0.117	0.24	84.1	30.6	17.83	0.19
B	3.5	3.099	2.789	1.524	0.266	0.18	92.8	100.0	18.356	0.090
<b>Integrated age <math>\pm 1\sigma</math></b>			n=2		0.383	0.20			18.194	0.110
<b>Plateau <math>\pm 1\sigma</math> steps A-B</b>			n=2	MSWD=6.09	0.383			100.0	18.26	0.20
<b>EGE_HOM_1, Plagioclase, J=0.0035076<math>\pm</math>0.03%, IC=0.9953<math>\pm</math>0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68479-11</b>										
A	0.2	4.161	1.381	4.998	0.172	0.37	67.2	26.6	17.84	0.15
B	3.5	2.875	2.400	0.8167	0.473	0.21	98.4	100.0	18.054	0.048
<b>Integrated age <math>\pm 1\sigma</math></b>			n=2		0.645	0.24			17.997	0.070
<b>Plateau <math>\pm 1\sigma</math> steps A-B</b>			n=2	MSWD=1.82	0.645			100.0	18.034	0.062
<b>EGE_HOM_1, Plagioclase, J=0.0035076<math>\pm</math>0.03%, IC=0.9953<math>\pm</math>0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68479-12</b>										
A	0.2	3.160	5.712	2.691	0.055	0.089	89.6	23.0	18.11	0.39
B	3.5	2.948	5.467	1.781	0.184	0.093	97.3	100.0	18.34	0.12
<b>Integrated age <math>\pm 1\sigma</math></b>			n=2		0.239	0.092			18.29	0.16
<b>Plateau <math>\pm 1\sigma</math> steps A-B</b>			n=2	MSWD=0.32	0.239			100.0	18.32	0.12
<b>EGE_HOM_1, Plagioclase, J=0.0035076<math>\pm</math>0.03%, IC=0.9953<math>\pm</math>0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68479-13</b>										
A	0.2	3.460	2.796	2.994	0.049	0.18	81.0	30.9	17.90	0.42
B	3.5	3.008	7.700	2.532	0.110	0.066	96.0	100.0	18.50	0.20
<b>Integrated age <math>\pm 1\sigma</math></b>			n=2		0.159	0.082			18.31	0.20
<b>Plateau <math>\pm 1\sigma</math> steps A-B</b>			n=2	MSWD=1.62	0.159			100.0	18.39	0.23
<b>EGE_HOM_1, Plagioclase, J=0.0035076<math>\pm</math>0.03%, IC=0.9953<math>\pm</math>0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68479-14</b>										
A	0.2	3.670	3.143	3.693	0.078	0.16	77.2	22.2	18.10	0.29
B	3.5	3.076	5.183	1.963	0.272	0.098	94.9	100.0	18.663	0.090
<b>Integrated age <math>\pm 1\sigma</math></b>			n=2		0.350	0.11			18.538	0.120
<b>Plateau <math>\pm 1\sigma</math> steps A-B</b>			n=2	MSWD=3.45	0.350			100.0	18.61	0.16
<b>EGE_HOM_1, Plagioclase, J=0.0035076<math>\pm</math>0.03%, IC=0.9953<math>\pm</math>0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68479-15</b>										
A	0.2	4.311	1.365	5.170	0.036	0.37	67.1	20.2	18.46	0.63
B	3.5	3.001	3.247	1.339	0.142	0.16	95.6	100.0	18.33	0.16
<b>Integrated age <math>\pm 1\sigma</math></b>			n=2		0.177	0.18			18.36	0.18
<b>Plateau <math>\pm 1\sigma</math> steps A-B</b>			n=2	MSWD=0.04	0.177			100.0	18.34	0.15
<b>EGE_HOM_1, Plagioclase, J=0.0035076<math>\pm</math>0.03%, IC=0.9953<math>\pm</math>0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68479-16</b>										
A	0.2	4.337	2.807	5.988	0.045	0.18	64.4	13.3	17.85	0.51
B	3.5	2.944	5.781	1.818	0.295	0.088	97.8	100.0	18.413	0.086
<b>Integrated age <math>\pm 1\sigma</math></b>			n=2		0.341	0.095			18.34	0.12
<b>Plateau <math>\pm 1\sigma</math> steps A-B</b>			n=2	MSWD=1.18	0.341			100.0	18.397	0.092
<b>EGE_HOM_1, Plagioclase, J=0.0035076<math>\pm</math>0.03%, IC=0.9953<math>\pm</math>0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68479-18</b>										
A	0.2	3.566	3.783	3.184	0.048	0.13	82.2	21.8	18.74	0.50
B	3.5	2.955	5.115	1.584	0.170	0.100	98.3	100.0	18.56	0.15
<b>Integrated age <math>\pm 1\sigma</math></b>			n=2		0.218	0.11			18.60	0.19
<b>Plateau <math>\pm 1\sigma</math> steps A-B</b>			n=2	MSWD=0.12	0.218			100.0	18.58	0.20

Table 3. Plagioclase and biotite step-heating data.

ID	Power (Watts)	$^{40}\text{Ar}/^{39}\text{Ar}$	$^{37}\text{Ar}/^{39}\text{Ar}$	$^{36}\text{Ar}/^{39}\text{Ar}$ ( $\times 10^{-3}$ )	$^{39}\text{Ar}_K$ ( $\times 10^{-15}$ mol)	K/Ca	$^{40}\text{Ar}^*$ (%)	$^{39}\text{Ar}$ (%)	Age (Ma)	$\pm 1\sigma$ (Ma)
<b>EGE_HOM_1, Plagioclase, J=0.0035076<math>\pm</math>0.03%, IC=0.9953<math>\pm</math>0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68479-19</b>										
A	0.2	4.094	2.837	4.652	0.028	0.18	72.0	13.5	18.83	0.86
B	3.5	2.947	3.760	1.440	0.179	0.14	96.0	100.0	18.06	0.13
<b>Integrated age <math>\pm 1\sigma</math></b>			n=2		0.207	0.14			18.17	0.20
<b>Plateau <math>\pm 1\sigma</math> steps A-B</b>			n=2	MSWD=0.79	0.207			100.0	18.08	0.13
<b>EGE_HOM_1, Plagioclase, J=0.0035076<math>\pm</math>0.03%, IC=0.9953<math>\pm</math>0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68479-20</b>										
A	0.2	5.230	3.989	9.458	0.034	0.13	52.7	33.9	17.64	0.69
B	3.5	3.944	3.945	4.686	0.067	0.13	73.0	100.0	18.40	0.34
<b>Integrated age <math>\pm 1\sigma</math></b>			n=2		0.101	0.13			18.14	0.40
<b>Plateau <math>\pm 1\sigma</math> steps A-B</b>			n=2	MSWD=0.99	0.101			100.0	18.25	0.30
<b>EGE_HOM_1, Plagioclase, J=0.0035076<math>\pm</math>0.03%, IC=0.9953<math>\pm</math>0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68479-21</b>										
A	0.2	3.681	1.003	3.308	0.134	0.51	75.6	18.5	17.76	0.17
B	3.5	2.952	2.385	1.047	0.589	0.21	96.1	100.0	18.109	0.042
<b>Integrated age <math>\pm 1\sigma</math></b>			n=2		0.724	0.24			18.045	0.060
<b>Plateau <math>\pm 1\sigma</math> steps A-B</b>			n=2	MSWD=3.73	0.724			100.0	18.089	0.080
<b>EGE_HOM_1, Plagioclase, J=0.0035076<math>\pm</math>0.03%, IC=0.9953<math>\pm</math>0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68479-22</b>										
x A	0.2	3.605	4.809	2.218	0.020	0.11	92.7	6.5	21.4	1.1
B	3.5	3.136	4.948	2.300	0.296	0.10	91.2	100.0	18.281	0.087
<b>Integrated age <math>\pm 1\sigma</math></b>			n=2		0.317	0.10			18.48	0.12
<b>Step B</b>									18.281	0.087
<b>EGE_HOM_1, Plagioclase, J=0.0035076<math>\pm</math>0.03%, IC=0.9953<math>\pm</math>0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68479-23</b>										
A	0.2	3.062	5.632	1.900	0.038	0.091	96.7	31.3	18.93	0.55
B	3.5	3.072	4.762	1.792	0.083	0.11	95.4	100.0	18.73	0.26
<b>Integrated age <math>\pm 1\sigma</math></b>			n=2		0.121	0.10			18.79	0.30
<b>Plateau <math>\pm 1\sigma</math> steps A-B</b>			n=2	MSWD=0.11	0.121			100.0	18.77	0.24
<b>EGE_HOM_1, Plagioclase, J=0.0035076<math>\pm</math>0.03%, IC=0.9953<math>\pm</math>0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68479-24</b>										
A	0.2	3.384	1.258	2.400	0.149	0.41	82.0	21.1	17.72	0.16
B	3.5	2.876	2.857	0.9180	0.557	0.18	98.7	100.0	18.118	0.045
<b>Integrated age <math>\pm 1\sigma</math></b>			n=2		0.706	0.20			18.033	0.060
<b>Plateau <math>\pm 1\sigma</math> steps A-B</b>			n=2	MSWD=5.93	0.706			100.0	18.09	0.11
<b>EGE_HOM_1, Plagioclase, J=0.0035076<math>\pm</math>0.03%, IC=0.9953<math>\pm</math>0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68479-25</b>										
A	0.2	3.804	1.777	2.607	0.015	0.29	83.5	23.8	20.3	1.5
B	3.5	4.343	5.202	6.194	0.048	0.098	67.6	100.0	18.78	0.51
<b>Integrated age <math>\pm 1\sigma</math></b>			n=2		0.063	0.12			19.13	0.60
<b>Plateau <math>\pm 1\sigma</math> steps A-B</b>			n=2	MSWD=0.93	0.063			100.0	18.94	0.48
<b>EGE_HOM_1, Plagioclase, J=0.0035076<math>\pm</math>0.03%, IC=0.9953<math>\pm</math>0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68479-26</b>										
A	0.2	3.464	0.9870	1.874	0.052	0.52	86.3	38.7	19.07	0.47
B	3.5	2.904	5.432	1.515	0.083	0.094	99.9	100.0	18.54	0.30
<b>Integrated age <math>\pm 1\sigma</math></b>			n=2		0.135	0.14			18.74	0.03
<b>Plateau <math>\pm 1\sigma</math> steps A-B</b>			n=2	MSWD=0.91	0.135			100.0	18.69	0.25

Table 3. Plagioclase and biotite step-heating data.

[illegible]



Table 3. Plagioclase and biotite step-heating data.

ID	Power	<sup>40</sup> Ar/ <sup>39</sup> Ar	<sup>37</sup> Ar/ <sup>39</sup> Ar	<sup>36</sup> Ar/ <sup>39</sup> Ar	<sup>39</sup> Ar <sub>K</sub>	K/Ca	<sup>40</sup> Ar*	<sup>39</sup> Ar	Age	±1σ
	(Watts)			(x 10 <sup>-3</sup> )	(x 10 <sup>-15</sup> mol)		(%)	(%)	(Ma)	(Ma)
IT_BEMUT2, Plagioclase, J=0.0035237±0.03%, IC=0.9953±0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68482-11										
x A	0.2	12.70	3.177	31.72	0.016	0.16	28.2	20.3	23.0	1.8
B	3.5	3.068	9.024	4.180	0.061	0.057	83.7	100.0	16.55	0.40
Integrated age ± 1σ		n=2			0.077	0.065			17.86	0.58
Step B									16.55	0.40
IT_BEMUT2, Plagioclase, J=0.0035237±0.03%, IC=0.9953±0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68482-12										
A	0.2	3.759	2.605	4.002	0.046	0.20	74.2	45.2	17.89	0.51
B	3.5	3.080	5.868	3.155	0.055	0.087	85.2	100.0	16.88	0.41
Integrated age ± 1σ		n=2			0.101	0.12			17.33	0.38
Plateau ± 1σ steps A-B		n=2	MSWD=2.36		0.101			100.0	17.27	0.49
IT_BEMUT2, Plagioclase, J=0.0035237±0.03%, IC=0.9953±0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68482-13										
A	0.2	4.776	8.621	8.369	0.044	0.059	62.9	65.0	19.35	0.56
B	3.5	10.10	2.077	25.12	0.024	0.25	28.1	100.0	18.3	1.2
Integrated age ± 1σ		n=2			0.068	0.081			18.97	0.68
Plateau ± 1σ steps A-B		n=2	MSWD=0.66		0.068			100.0	19.16	0.51
IT_BEMUT2, Plagioclase, J=0.0035237±0.03%, IC=0.9953±0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68482-14										
x A	0.2	9.705	2.949	18.92	0.028	0.17	44.8	18.6	27.9	1.0
B	3.5	3.087	11.06	3.996	0.122	0.046	90.9	100.0	18.11	0.20
Integrated age ± 1σ		n=2			0.149	0.053			19.93	2.26
Step B									18.11	0.20
IT_BEMUT2, Plagioclase, J=0.0035237±0.03%, IC=0.9953±0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68482-15										
A	0.2	6.121	10.18	13.46	0.024	0.050	48.5	16.3	19.2	1.0
B	3.5	3.256	13.17	5.314	0.122	0.039	84.7	100.0	17.83	0.21
Integrated age ± 1σ		n=2			0.146	0.040			18.05	0.27
Plateau ± 1σ steps A-B		n=2	MSWD=1.67		0.146			100.0	17.88	0.26
IT_BEMUT2, Plagioclase, J=0.0035237±0.03%, IC=0.9953±0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68482-16										
A	0.2	3.190	2.510	2.155	0.099	0.20	86.4	22.9	17.69	0.24
B	3.5	2.761	5.760	1.821	0.334	0.089	97.5	100.0	17.305	0.079
Integrated age ± 1σ		n=2			0.433	0.10			17.392	0.100
Plateau ± 1σ steps A-B		n=2	MSWD=2.29		0.433			100.0	17.34	0.11
IT_BEMUT2, Plagioclase, J=0.0035237±0.03%, IC=0.9953±0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68482-17										
A	0.2	3.910	8.053	6.609	0.025	0.063	66.8	16.6	16.82	0.94
B	3.5	3.000	8.603	3.493	0.125	0.059	89.0	100.0	17.19	0.21
Integrated age ± 1σ		n=2			0.149	0.060			17.13	2.27
Plateau ± 1σ steps A-B		n=2	MSWD=0.14		0.149			100.0	17.17	0.20
IT_BEMUT2, Plagioclase, J=0.0035237±0.03%, IC=0.9953±0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68482-18										
x A	0.2	12.12	4.308	28.20	0.053	0.12	34.1	21.7	26.57	0.66
B	3.5	3.552	9.123	5.027	0.190	0.056	79.1	100.0	18.10	0.15
Integrated age ± 1σ		n=2			0.243	0.063			19.94	0.18
Step B									18.10	0.15

Table 3. Plagioclase and biotite step-heating data.

ID	Power	<sup>40</sup> Ar/ <sup>39</sup> Ar	<sup>37</sup> Ar/ <sup>39</sup> Ar	<sup>36</sup> Ar/ <sup>39</sup> Ar	<sup>39</sup> Ar <sub>K</sub>	K/Ca	<sup>40</sup> Ar*	<sup>39</sup> Ar	Age	±1σ
	(Watts)			(x 10 <sup>-3</sup> )	(x 10 <sup>-15</sup> mol)		(%)	(%)	(Ma)	(Ma)
IT_BEMUT2, Plagioclase, J=0.0035237±0.03%, IC=0.9953±0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68482-19										
x A	0.2	3.393	9.883	5.148	0.016	0.052	78.9	20.7	17.3	1.5
B	3.5	3.041	10.54	3.928	0.062	0.048	90.1	100.0	17.67	0.41
Integrated age ± 1σ		n=2			0.078	0.049			17.58	0.59
Step B									17.67	0.41
IT_BEMUT2, Plagioclase, J=0.0035237±0.03%, IC=0.9953±0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68482-20										
x A	0.2	3.974	3.560	4.055	0.049	0.14	77.1	27.9	19.67	0.51
B	3.5	2.897	7.405	2.655	0.126	0.069	93.8	100.0	17.48	0.20
Integrated age ± 1σ		n=2			0.174	0.081			18.09	0.20
Step B									17.48	0.20
IT_BEMUT2, Plagioclase, J=0.0035237±0.03%, IC=0.9953±0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68482-21										
x A	0.2	3.846	1.180	3.103	0.168	0.43	78.7	37.5	19.38	0.15
B	3.5	2.878	5.616	2.043	0.280	0.091	94.9	100.0	17.557	0.091
Integrated age ± 1σ		n=2			0.448	0.13			18.24	0.10
Step B									17.557	0.091
IT_BEMUT2, Plagioclase, J=0.0035237±0.03%, IC=0.9953±0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68482-22										
x A	0.2	4.614	3.452	6.400	0.037	0.15	65.1	8.0	19.27	0.63
B	3.5	2.834	6.717	2.311	0.422	0.076	95.2	100.0	17.353	0.064
Integrated age ± 1σ		n=2			0.459	0.079			17.508	0.087
Step B									17.353	0.064
IT_BEMUT2, Plagioclase, J=0.0035237±0.03%, IC=0.9953±0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68482-23										
A	0.2	3.963	8.976	6.343	0.064	0.057	71.1	43.9	18.17	0.38
B	3.5	3.824	9.859	5.883	0.081	0.052	75.5	100.0	18.62	0.31
Integrated age ± 1σ		n=2			0.145	0.054			18.42	0.26
Plateau ± 1σ steps A-B		n=2	MSWD=0.88		0.145			100.0	18.44	0.24
IT_BEMUT2, Plagioclase, J=0.0035237±0.03%, IC=0.9953±0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68482-24										
x A	0.2	5.939	7.082	10.28	0.016	0.072	58.5	21.5	22.4	1.5
B	3.5	3.424	10.81	5.019	0.057	0.047	82.4	100.0	18.20	0.42
Integrated age ± 1σ		n=2			0.073	0.051			19.09	0.56
Step B									18.20	0.42
IT_BEMUT2, Plagioclase, J=0.0035237±0.03%, IC=0.9953±0.0008003, NM-316M, Lab#=68482-25										
x A	0.2	8.983	4.555	16.60	0.009	0.11	49.5	14.6	28.5	3.1
B	3.5	3.067	12.27	4.490	0.052	0.042	89.4	100.0	17.70	0.48
Integrated age ± 1σ		n=2			0.061	0.046			19.28	0.66
Step B									17.70	0.48

Table 3. Plagioclase and biotite step-heating data.

ID	Power (Watts)	<sup>40</sup> Ar/ <sup>39</sup> Ar	<sup>37</sup> Ar/ <sup>39</sup> Ar	<sup>36</sup> Ar/ <sup>39</sup> Ar (x 10 <sup>-3</sup> )	<sup>39</sup> Ar <sub>K</sub> (x 10 <sup>-15</sup> mol)	K/Ca	<sup>40</sup> Ar* (%)	<sup>39</sup> Ar (%)	Age (Ma)	±1σ (Ma)
<b>EGE_HOM_1, Biotite, 3.02 mg, J=0.0035209±0.03%, IC=1.001698±0.0009091, NM-316M, Lab#=68481-01Helix MC</b>										
A	0.5	18.64	0.0073	55.74	18.7	70.1	11.6	10.2	13.87	0.13
B	0.8	19.89	0.0073	58.73	15.8	70.1	12.7	18.8	16.24	0.13
C	1.0	19.32	0.0050	57.81	9.2	102.9	11.6	23.8	14.33	0.15
D	1.5	16.35	0.0061	46.72	14.5	84.0	15.5	31.7	16.27	0.12
E	1.9	12.46	0.0057	32.95	18.4	89.3	21.8	41.7	17.458	0.088
F	2.1	10.35	0.0049	25.71	12.9	104.9	26.6	48.7	17.620	0.090
G	2.5	7.897	0.0034	17.11	21.3	151.2	35.9	60.3	18.167	0.055
H	3.5	6.627	0.0033	12.76	34.6	154.6	43.1	79.2	18.279	0.037
I	4.0	8.396	0.0046	19.12	11.3	110.8	32.6	85.4	17.562	0.076
J	5.0	5.410	0.0066	8.528	11.6	77.3	53.4	91.7	18.487	0.048
K	7.0	6.991	0.0017	13.78	11.6	299.3	41.7	98.0	18.668	0.062
L	12.0	10.02	0.0024	24.98	3.7	210.9	26.2	100.0	16.85	0.13
<b>Integrated age ± 1σ</b>		n=12			183.6	104.5	K2O=6.63%		16.872	0.027
<b>No Plateau</b>										
<b>IT_BEMUT2, Biotite, 3.12 mg, J=0.0035302±0.03%, IC=0.9960785±0.000708, NM-316M, Lab#=68483-01Helix MC</b>										
A	0.5	98.37	0.2609	330.4	0.9	2.0	0.8	2.1	4.8	1.2
B	0.8	57.16	0.1308	192.6	3.2	3.9	0.5	9.6	1.67	0.46
C	1.0	52.56	0.1059	177.0	3.8	4.8	0.5	18.6	1.75	0.43
D	1.5	45.52	0.0858	153.6	6.1	5.9	0.3	32.9	0.79	0.32
E	1.9	40.91	0.0779	138.0	6.2	6.5	0.3	47.4	0.81	0.26
F	2.1	40.22	0.0955	135.1	4.4	5.3	0.8	57.6	2.01	0.33
G	2.5	41.29	0.1404	138.4	4.6	3.6	1.0	68.4	2.61	0.33
H	3.5	40.90	0.2135	137.1	5.9	2.4	1.0	82.3	2.52	0.30
I	4.0	39.64	0.2404	131.8	2.6	2.1	1.8	88.3	4.55	0.39
J	5.0	39.43	0.2918	131.2	2.5	1.7	1.7	94.2	4.34	0.41
K	7.0	55.52	1.182	182.1	1.8	0.43	3.2	98.5	11.56	0.53
L	12.0	56.59	2.121	184.9	0.6	0.24	3.7	100.0	13.62	0.85
<b>Integrated age ± 1σ</b>		n=12			42.8	2.4	K2O=1.49%		2.63	0.11
<b>No Plateau</b>										

**Notes:**

Isotopic ratios corrected for blank, radioactive decay, and mass discrimination, not corrected for interfering reactions.

Errors quoted for individual analyses include analytical error only, without interfering reaction or J uncertainties.

Integrated age calculated by summing isotopic measurements of all steps.

Integrated age error calculated by quadratically combining errors of isotopic measurements of all steps.

Plateau age is inverse-variance-weighted mean of selected steps.

Plateau age error is inverse-variance-weighted mean error (Taylor, 1982) times root MSWD where MSWD>1.

Plateau error is weighted error of Taylor (1982).

Decay constants and isotopic abundances after Steiger and Jäger (1977).

# symbol preceding sample ID denotes analyses excluded from plateau age calculations.

Ages calculated relative to FC-2 Fish Canyon Tuff sanidine interlaboratory standard at 28.201 Ma

Decay Constant (LambdaK (total)) = 5.463e-10/a

Correction factors:

$$(^{39}\text{Ar}/^{37}\text{Ar})_{\text{Ca}} = 0.000682 \pm 0.000004$$

$$(^{36}\text{Ar}/^{37}\text{Ar})_{\text{Ca}} = 0.0002761 \pm 0.0000010$$

$$(^{38}\text{Ar}/^{39}\text{Ar})_K = 0.0124 \pm 0.00002$$

$$(^{40}\text{Ar}/^{39}\text{Ar})_{\text{K}} = 0.008 \pm 0.0005$$