AGU PUBLICATIONS

Paleoceanography and Paleoclimatology

Supporting Information for

Early Miocene intensification of the North African hydrological cycle: multi-proxy evidence from the shelf carbonates of Malta

R. Zammit[1], C.H. Lear[1], E. Samankassou[2], L.J. Lourens[3], A. Micallef [4,5], P.N. Pearson[1], O.M. Bialik [4]

[1]School of Earth and Environmental Sciences, Cardiff University, [2]Department of Earth Sciences, University of Geneva, [3]Faculty of Geosciences, Utrecht University, [4]Department of Geosciences, University of Malta, [5]Helmholtz Centre for Ocean Research Kiel

Contents of this file

Additional Supporting Information (Files archived in PANGEA – Data publisher for Earth & Environmental Sciences) (Zammit, 2022)

Figure S1 presents the original $^{87}Sr/^{86}Sr$ data used to generate the age model for the il-Blata section.

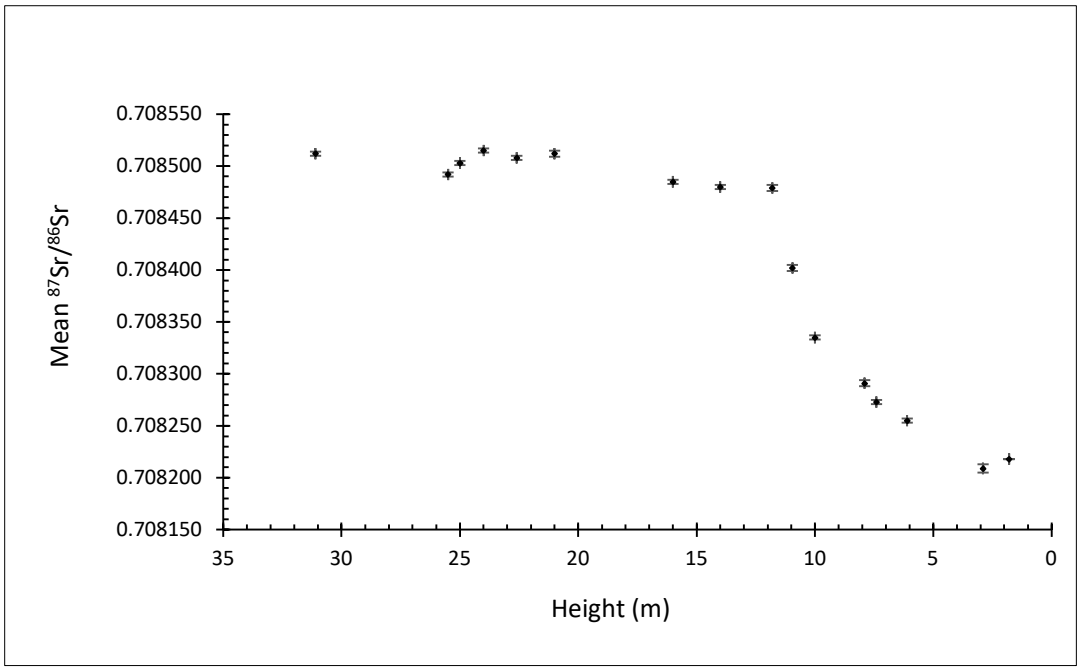

Figure S1. Mean $^{87}Sr/^{86}Sr$ values with height for the il-Blata section, Malta

Reference:

Zammit, R. (2022) [Dataset] Early Miocene intensification of the North African hydrological cycle: multi-proxy evidence from the shelf carbonates of Malta - Geochemical data. PANGAEA, https://doi.org/10.1594/PANGAEA.947547